

Sample social media policy

This policy on social media must be read in conjunction with other employee policies. Particular attention is drawn to the dignity at work, equality, bullying and harassment, internet, e-mail usage, data protection, and business confidentiality policies, all of which are applicable to social media usage.

This policy on social media applies to all employees. Social media is the collective term referring to social and professional networking sites (for example Facebook, LinkedIn, MySpace), microblogs (such as Twitter), blogs, wikis, boards and other similar online fora and the policy extends to all such sites and incorporates any future developments of such media. Breaches of this policy will be investigated and the organisation retains the right to take disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

The policy on social media will depend on the extent to which social media usage is permitted in the workplace – select A or B below.

A. Where social media usage is not permitted in the workplace

You are prohibited from participating in social networking websites while at work or using the organisation's equipment and are not permitted to:
register with such sites;

- access any personal account you may have on such sites;
- access other people's accounts on such sites;
- post comments on any social media sites;
- use the organisation's name, logos, images or comment on the organisation's customers, clients or business.

Should you use social networking outside of work, the rules below apply.

B. Where social media usage is permitted in the workplace

All IT resources are the organisation's property dedicated to achieving our business objectives. Inappropriate use is not acceptable. Excessive activity is not permitted. Personal use must not interfere with your work commitments.

As appropriate:

A limited amount of personal use of the internet and social media is permitted on the organisation's equipment, provided the following rules are observed:

- employees may access social media sites at work for a maximum of ____ minutes per day;
- personal use must not occur during working time, but instead must occur during break time and outside of your normal working hours;
- personal use must comply with the requirements and general principles of this policy and all other internet, IT, security and data protection policies.

Applies to all employees

The organisation recognises that employees use social media tools as part of their daily lives. Employees should always be mindful of what they are posting, who can see it, and how it can be linked back to the organisation and work colleagues.

All employees should be aware that the organisation regularly monitors the internet and social media in reference to its work and to keep abreast of general internet commentary, brand presence and industry/customer perceptions. The organisation does not specifically monitor social media sites for employee content on an ongoing basis, however employees should not expect privacy in this regard. The organisation reserves the right to utilise for disciplinary purposes any information that could have a negative effect on the organisation or its employees, which management comes across in regular internet monitoring, or is brought to the organisation's attention by employees, customers, members of the public, etc.

All employees are prohibited from using or publishing information on any social media sites, where such use has the potential to negatively effect the organisation or its staff. Examples of such behaviour include, but are not limited to:

- publishing material that is defamatory, abusive or offensive in relation to any employee, manager, office holder, shareholder, customer or client of the organisation;
- publishing any confidential or business-sensitive information about the organisation;
- publishing material that might reasonably be expected to have the effect of damaging the reputation or professional standing of the organisation.

Rules regarding usage

All employees must adhere to the following when engaging in social media.

1. Be aware of your association with the organisation when using online social networks. You must always identify yourself and your role if you mention or comment on the organisation. Where you identify yourself as an employee, ensure your profile and related content is consistent with how you would present yourself with colleagues and clients. You must write in the first person and state clearly that the views expressed are your own and not those of the organisation. Wherever practical, you must use a disclaimer saying that while you work for the organisation, anything you publish is your personal opinion, and not necessarily the opinions of the organisation.
2. You are personally responsible for what you post or publish on social media sites. Where it is found that any information breaches any policy, such as breaching confidentiality or bringing the organisation into disrepute, you may face disciplinary action up to and including dismissal.
3. Be aware of data protection rules – you must not post colleagues' details or pictures without their individual permission. Photographs of company events should not be posted online. Employees must not provide or use their company password in response to any internet request for a password.
4. Material in which the organisation has a proprietary interest – such as software, products, documentation or other internal information – must not be transmitted, sold or otherwise divulged, unless the organisation has already released the information into the public domain. Any departure from this policy requires the prior written authorisation of your senior manager.
5. Be respectful at all times, in both the content and tone of what you say. Show respect to your audience, your colleagues and customers and suppliers. Do not post or publish any comments or content relating to the

- organisation or its employees, which would be seen as unacceptable in the workplace or in conflict with the organisation's website. Make sure it is clear that the views and opinions you express are your own.
6. Recommendations, references or comments relating to professional attributes, are not permitted to be made about employees, former employees, customers or suppliers on social media and networking sites. Such recommendations can give the impression that the recommendation is a reference on behalf of the organisation, even when a disclaimer is placed on such a comment. Any request for such a recommendation should be dealt with by stating that this is not permitted in line with organisation policy and that a formal reference can be sought through HR, in line with the normal reference policy.
 7. Once in the public domain, content cannot be retracted. Therefore always take time to review your content in an objective manner before uploading. If in doubt, ask someone to review it for you. Think through the consequences of what you say and what could happen if one of your colleagues had to defend your comments to a customer.
 8. If you make a mistake, be the first to point it out and correct it quickly. You may factually point out misrepresentations, but do not create an argument.
 9. It is very important that employees immediately report any inappropriate activity or behaviour regarding the organisation, its employees or third parties. Inform your supervisor or another member of management or your HR representative. All allegations made in good faith will be fully and confidentially investigated. You are required to cooperate with all investigations of alleged policy violations.
 10. This policy extends to future developments in internet capability and social media usage.

In addition to the above rules, there are a number of key guiding principles that employees should note when using social media tools:

- always remember on-line content is never completely private;
- regularly review your privacy settings on social media platforms to ensure they provide you with sufficient personal protection and limit access by others;
- consider all online information with caution as there is no quality control process on the internet and a considerable amount of information may be inaccurate or misleading;
- at all times respect copyright and intellectual property rights of information you encounter on the internet. This may require obtaining appropriate permission to make use of information. You must always give proper credit to the source of the information used.

Specific managerial responsibilities

By virtue of their position, managers have particular obligations with respect to general content posted on social media. Managers should consider whether or not personal thoughts they publish may be misunderstood as expressing the organisation's opinions or positions even where disclaimers are used. Managers should err on the side of caution and should assume that their teams will read what is written. A public online forum is not the place to communicate organisation policies, strategies or opinions to employees.

Managers should not make 'friend' requests or other similar requests of their team members, as this may place undue pressure on an employee.

Enforcement

Non-compliance with the general principles and conditions of this social media policy and the related internet, e-mail and confidentiality policies may lead to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

This policy is not exhaustive. In situations that are not expressly governed by this policy, you must ensure that your use of social media and the internet is at all times appropriate and consistent with your responsibilities towards the organisation. In case of any doubt, you should consult with your manager.

Monitoring of internet usage by the IT department applies to personal use as well as normal business use.