

Grammar Worksheets Elementary School

1. To be: affirmative, negative, questions

A. Complete the sentences with ``to be``

1. I _____ a girl.
2. My father _____ at work.
3. Alex and Dino _____ my cats.
4. Alex _____ in the garden.
5. Dino _____ on the floor.
6. My red pencil _____ on the floor, too.
7. The other pencils _____ in my pencil case.
8. My mother _____ in the living room.
9. Eli and Rafa _____ good friends.
10. They _____ good at tennis.
11. _____ they in Amsterdam this week?
12. The pupils _____ not at school today.

13. It _____ Monday.

14. I _____ at home.

15. We _____ friends.

B. Make Affirmative Sentences

1. I _____ never happy on a Sunday afternoon.

2. We _____ Scottish.

3. He _____ a pilot.

4. Mayte and Joshua _____ angry.

5. You _____ clever and good-looking.

C. Make Negative Sentences

1. You _____ not Dutch.

2. Gemma _____ at home.

3. Agust and I _____ pleased about it.

4. I _____ not cruel.

5. It _____ good.

D. Questions

1. _____ you from Málaga?
2. _____ Isabel Spanish?
3. _____ we ready to go?
4. _____ he married?
5. _____ you tired?

2. Subject pronouns and possessive adjectives

A. Replace the personal pronouns by possessive adjectives.

1. Where are (you) _____ friends now?
2. Here is a postcard from (I) _____ friend Dees.
3. She lives in England now with (she) _____ family.
4. (He) _____ wife works in Tilburg.
5. (He) _____ company builds websites.

3. Question words

A. Fill in the question words *What, Where, Why, When, How* to form a question.

1. _____ do you like best?
2. _____ does Manolo get up in the morning?
3. _____ don't you go by bus, Cristina?
4. _____ hobbies does Carlos like?
5. _____ do they go to every week?
6. _____ old are you Sylvia?
7. _____ is Maria's birthday?
8. _____ are my exercise books?
9. _____ are you doing at the moment, Harry?
10. _____ do the Petersons live?

B. Fill in the correct question word.

- 1 _____ sits next to Dries? Mo.
- 2 _____ does the boy come from? From Madrid.
- 3 _____ old are her children? Three and five.
- 4 _____ is Lola's birthday? In March, I think.
- 5 _____ much is the shirt? It's twenty euros.

- 6 _____ is best at playing tennis? Johann
- 7 _____ are you going? To my parents.
- 8 _____ is an soda? It's one euro.
- 9 _____ does the restaurant open? At ten o' clock.
- 10 _____ can I get some ice cream? At the snack bar.
- 11 _____ are you going to order? Pasta.
- 12 _____ are you going to do on Monday? I don't know.
- 13 _____ has got my sunglasses? I have got them.
- 14 _____ is your name? Rita.
- 15 _____ is Helen's party? On Friday.

C. Complete with the correct question word

- 1 _____ are the potatoes? One dollar.
- 2 _____ can I do for you? I want two white T-shirts.
- 3 _____ can I get a newspaper? At Park Street.
- 4 _____ is your best friend? It's Paul.
- 5 _____ does Lisa live? In Boston.
- 6 _____ colour is your new car? It's white.
- 7 _____ do you collect? Stickers.

8 _____ can help me? I can.

9 _____ about some grapes? No, thanks.

10 _____ was your first word as a baby? Mama.

11 _____ were you born? On March 9th .

12 _____ were you born? In St Maarten.

13 _____ were you last Sunday? I was working.

14 _____ can we have a picnic? I know a nice place near a pond.

15 _____ are you going to take with you? Some sandwiches and a coke.

4. There is / there are

A. Complete the sentences. Use the affirmative of there is / there are.

1. _____ an Italian boy in my class.

2. _____ an internet café opposite our school.

3. _____ five supermarkets in my town.

4. _____ a museum next to the park.

5. _____ some posters in front of the cinema.

B. Complete the sentences. Use the negative of there is/ there are.

Example:

There isn't a flag in my classroom.

1 _____ any shopping centres in this town.

2 _____ any beaches in London.

3 _____ an American café here.

4 _____ a Hollywood in Spain..

5 _____ any rap CDs in this shop.

**C. Write questions and short answers.
Use there is / there are.**

Example

/ any Brazilian footballers in your favourite team?

Are there any Brazilian footballers in your favourite team?

Yes, there are.

1. / a skateboard park near here?

No, _____

2. / a Hollywood in Ireland?

Yes, _____

3 / any famous football teams in your town?

Yes, _____

4 / any interesting places near your house?

No, _____

5 / an English boy in your class?

No, _____

5. Have got

A: Write affirmative and negative sentences. Use have got. (Use contracted forms where possible.)

Example:

She / fifteen euros.

She's got fifteen euros.

She hasn't got fifteen euros.

1 They / some new trainers..

2 John and I / a great computer game..

3 You / a pen.

4 Mark / a pet.

**B. Write questions for the sentences in Exercise A.
Then write short answers.**

Example:
Has she got fifteen euros?
Yes, she has..

1 _____

Yes, they _____

2 _____

Yes, we _____

3 _____

Yes, I _____

4 _____

No, he _____

C. Correct the sentences.

Example:

You not has got a magazine.

You haven't got a magazine.

1 Do you have got a dog?

2 I hasn't got any DVDs.

3 We has got a good TV.

4 Have got they a mobile phone?

6. Present simple: affirmative, negative questions, short answers.

A. Complete the sentences. Use the present simple affirmative.

1. I _____ (go) shopping with my brother.

2 We sometimes _____ (use) a dictionary in class.

3 My friends _____ (study) Italian at their school.

4. School _____ (finish) at three o'clock.

5. You _____ (live) near me.

6. He _____ (like) rap music.
7. She _____ (do) her homework .before dinner.
8. We _____ (play) tennis in school on Wednesday afternoon.
9. I _____ (watch) TV in the evening.
10. My mother _____ (teach) art.

B. Make the sentences negative.

Example:

He remembers my name.

He doesn't remember my name.

1. I study French.

2. School finishes at two o'clock.

3. You copy from other students.

4. We think English is easy.

5. My friends play volleyball.

6. I watch TV on Saturday morning.

7. She speaks Chinese.

8. The dog likes cats.

9. They listen to pop music.

**C. Write the words in the correct order.
Then complete the short answers.**

Example:

Students / I.T.? / do / at / Do / your school

Do students at your school do I.T..?

Yes, they do.

1. live / at / you / Do / school?

No, _____

2. in / students / Do / the canteen? / eat

Yes, _____

3. to school / your brother / on Saturday? / Does / go

No, _____

4. live / near / Do / your friends / you?

Yes, _____

5 at / school / finish / Does / three o'clock?

No, _____

7. Object pronouns

A. Fill in the right object pronouns.

1. My name is Sue. (Sue)_____ am English. And this is my family.
2. My mum's name is Angie. (Angie)_____ is from Germany.
3. Bob is my dad. (My dad)_____ is a waiter.
4. On the left you can see Simon. (Simon) _____ is my brother.
5. (Sue and Simon) _____ are twins.
6. Our dog is a girl, Judy. (Judy) _____ is two years old.

7. (Sue, Simon, Angie and Bob) _____ live in Canterbury.
8. (Canterbury) _____ is not far from London.
9. My grandparents live in London. (My grandparents) _____ often come and see us.
10. What can _____ tell me about your family?

B. Correct the sentences.

Example:

Chinese is a difficult language. I don't understand them.

Chinese is a difficult language. I don't understand it.

1. Mrs Smith is strict. I don't like him.

2. Ana isn't good at maths. I never copy from she.

3. We have a computer at home, but I don't use me.

4. My teachers are very good. I like they.

5. I'm not happy with the children. They don't listen to I.

8. Word order

Write the words in the correct order.

Does / go / she / What time / school / to

What time does she go to school?

Example:

1. you / When / your / homework / do / do

2. Simon / go / Who / to / does / school with?

3. What / teach? / teacher / does / this

4. like / they / do / English / why

5. do / grandparents / live? / Where / your

6. uncle / do / How often / visit / you / your

9. Adverbs of frequency

A. Rewrite the sentence putting the adverb given in brackets into its proper position.

Example:

He plays on the computer. (always)

*He **always** plays on the computer.*

1. He listens to the radio. (**often**)

2. They read a book. (**sometimes**)

3. Pete gets angry. (**never**)

4. Tom is very friendly. (**usually**)

5. I take sugar in my coffee. (**sometimes**)

6. Ramon is hungry. **(often)**

7. My grandmother goes for a walk in the evening.
(always)

8. Walter helps his father in the kitchen. **(usually)**

9. They watch TV in the afternoon. **(never)**

10. Christine smokes after dinner. **(seldom)**

B. Rewrite the sentences and put the adverbs in correctly.

1. He plays golf on Sundays. (sometimes)

2. The weather is bad in November. (always)

3. It rains in California. (never)

4. We have fish for dinner. (seldom)

5. She will see him. (rarely)

6. Peter doesn't get up before seven. (usually)

7. They do not play tennis on Sundays. (always)

8. Mary watches TV. (hardly / ever)

C. Rewrite the sentences and put the adverbs in correctly.

I go to school by bus. **always**

I get up at 7. **usually**

I watch TV in the evening. **often / frequently**

I have lunch in a restaurant. **sometimes**

I have breakfast. **seldom**

I arrive late. **never**

I have homework. **everyday**

10. Like, love, hate + ing form

Look at the table and complete the sentences.

love = 4	not like = 2
like = 3	hate = 1

Example:

Agustín loves playing (4) computer games.

1. María _____ (1 / play) computer games.
2. Agustín and María _____ (3 / watch) TV.
3. Agustín _____ (4 / tidy) his room.
4. Agustín and María _____ (2 / get) up.

11. Possessive

Add 's or '.

Example:

My uncle daughter. My uncle's daughter

1. the men families _____
2. those girls friends _____
3. her babies toys _____
4. the people names _____
5. Heidi and John son _____

12. Present continuous

A. Write the –ing form of the verbs

Example:

stay

staying

1. camp _____
2. swim _____
3. travel _____
4. walk _____
5. have _____
6. write _____
7. cook _____
8. shop _____

B. Complete the sentences. Use the present continuous affirmative and negative.

1. He dad and brother _____ (cycle) to the shops.
2. We _____ (not travel) in Japan.
3. I _____ (sunbathe) on the beach.
4. She _____ (not watch) TV.
5. They _____ (not swim) in the sea.
6. Sue _____ (stay) at home today.

C. Write questions using the present continuous. Then complete the short answers.

Example:

your teacher / speak English / at the moment?

Is your teacher speaking English at the moment?

No, he isn't.

1. your dad / work / today?

Yes, _____

2. you / have a good time / on holiday?

Yes, _____

3. your mum / cook dinner / now?

Yes, _____

4. your friends / play football?

No, _____

D. Complete the dialogues

Example:

A I'm reading

B What are you reading?

1. A. I'm going on holiday.

B. Where _____?

2. A. He's cooking dinner.

B. What _____?

3. A. My sister's going to England.

B. Who _____?

4. A. We aren't staying in a hotel.

B. Where _____?

13. Present continuous and present simple

Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the present continuous or the present simple.

Example:

My dad usually cooks (cook) dinner.

1. I _____ (watch) TV at the moment.
2. My parents _____ (go) to Italy every year.
3. My sister _____ (walk) to school every day.
4. We _____ (have) lunch now.

14. Demonstrative pronouns

A. Complete the sentences. Use **this** and **these**.

Is *this* my drink?

1. _____ aren't my trainers.
2. _____ an interesting museum?
3. _____ are new bicycles.

B. Complete the sentences. Use **that** and **those**.

That is a big supermarket.

1. Are _____ your books?
2. _____ are her CDs.
3. _____ is a great shop.

15. Present continuous for future use

Complete the sentences.

I _____ (meet) some friends after work.

I _____ (not go) to the party tonight.

_____ he _____ (visit) his parents next weekend?

_____ he _____ (not come) with us tonight?

16. Countable and uncountable nouns

Are these nouns countable (c) or uncountable (u)?

Example:

water (u)

- | | | |
|---|---------|-------|
| 1 | fruit | _____ |
| 2 | coconut | _____ |
| 3 | bread | _____ |
| 4 | DVD | _____ |
| 5 | meat | _____ |
| 6 | insect | _____ |
| 7 | snack | _____ |

17. Expressions of quantity

A. Complete the sentences. Use a / an, some and any.

Example:

There aren't *any* Italian students in my class.

1. I want _____ juice.
2. There's _____ meat in the dish.
3. Has she got _____ map?
4. Have you got _____ money?
5. He needs _____ snack.
6. It's _____ Italian pizza.

B. Complete the rules. Use a / an, some and any.

1. We use _____ in negative sentences and questions with all nouns.
2. We use _____ in affirmative sentences with all nouns.
3. We use _____, _____ or numbers with countable nouns.

C. Circle the correct words.

1. We've got much / a lot of rice.
2. There aren't much / many people here.
3. My sister eats a lot of / many sweets.
4. There aren't much / many vegetarians in my school.

5. There aren't a lot of / much vegetables.
6. I don't drink much / many juice.

18. Imperatives

A. Make the affirmatives negative, and the negative imperatives affirmative.

Example

Don't eat my sweets.

Eat my sweets.

1. Don't copy your friend's homework.

2. Tidy your room before dinner.

3. Don't play computer games now.

4. Don't be late.

5. Help your mum with the shopping.

19. Can

A. Correct the sentences.

1. I can to swim a hundred meters.

2. You can make a fire?

3. 'Can he cook?' 'No, can't.'

4. What sports you can play?

5. Mark can't climbs trees.

20. Was/were

A. Complete the sentences. Use the affirmative and negative of was / were.

It wasn't my dad's birthday on Sunday. It was his birthday on Saturday.

1. They were difficult. They _____ easy.

2. My grandfather _____ a writer. He was a composer.

3. It wasn't hot in England. It _____ cold and raining.

4. My cousins weren't at the skateboard park.
They _____ at the cinema.
5. Last night I _____ at home. I was at a party
at my friend's house.

B. Complete the questions.

Example:

Was the weather good yesterday?

1. What _____ your first class this morning?
2. _____ her sister at the party?
3. Who _____ his favorite film star?
4. Where _____ you last night?
5. _____ they interested in rap music?

21. There was/there were

Complete the sentences. Use the affirmative (✓) and negative (X) of there as / there were.

Example:

There wasn't a canteen at my primary school. (X)

1. _____ a lot of rain in the summer. (X)
2. _____ any good films at the cinema last week. (X)
3. _____ 26 people at Sophie's party. (✓)
4. _____ an English teacher at my primary school. (X)

5. _____ a big celebration for my sister's wedding. (✓)
6. _____ a lot of interesting animals in the pet shop. (✓)

22. Past simple regular verbs: affirmative, negative, questions

A. Complete the sentences.

Example:

I didn't watch (not watch) TV last night.

1. On Saturday I _____ (play) computer games with my cousins.
2. My mum _____ (not cook) dinner last night.
3. I _____ (walk) to school because there weren't any buses.
4. They _____ (not dance) at the party.
5. My brother _____ (travel) to Ireland last summer.

B. Write the past simple form of these verbs.

practice *practiced*

1. copy _____
2. revise _____
3. cycle _____
4. listen _____

5. play _____

6. like _____

C. Write the questions in the correct order.

Example:

night? / meet / Did / you / them / last /

Did you meet them last night?

1. film? / like / you / Did / the /

2. you / many / did / ask? / How / people /

3. a / have / time ? / they / Did / good /

4. did / weekend? / the / What / do / we / at /

5. she / DVD? / Where / that / did / buy /

6. party / on / your / go / Saturday? / he / Did / to /

7. did / yesterday? / Who / you / see /

D. Correct the sentences.

Who do you met on Saturday morning? *X*
Who did you meet on Saturday morning?

1. Did he went to school yesterday? *X*

2. Why did you to go home early? *X*

3. Where you did learn English? *X*

4. Did she works today? *X*

5. What do you did yesterday? *X*

6. Did they last night phone you? *X*

23. Time expressions

A. Write the time expressions

~~last winter~~ - last year - soon - later - now -
at the moment - next week - yesterday

Past

Last winter

(1) _____

(2) _____

Present

(3) _____

(4) _____

Future

(5) _____

(6) _____

(7) _____

B. Write the words in the correct order.

Example:

*friends / I'm / tomorrow. / meet / going / to / my
I'm going to meet my friends tomorrow.*

1. winter. / cold / was / very / last / It

2. shower / She's / moment. / at / having / a / the

3. our / visit / next / going / grandmother / We're /
to / week.

4. brother / revising / My / for / exam / now. / is / an

5. restaurant / later. / have / a / They're / to / in /
dinner / going

6. go / school / yesterday. / to / didn't / I

24. Past simple: regular and irregular verbs

A. Are these verbs regular (R) or irregular (I)?

play R

1. fly ____

2. use ____

3. study ____

4. eat ____

5. make ____

6. travel ____

7. see ____

B. Write the past simple of the verbs in exercise A.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

C. Complete the text. Use the past simple of the verbs.

be - ~~got up~~ - meet - have - go - run - drink - sleep
swim - eat

Yesterday I got up early – at about seven o'clock. I (1) _____ a shower and some fruit for breakfast. Then I (2) _____ to the sports centre. I (3) _____ 500 meters in the swimming pool and then I (4) _____ 5 kilometers. At lunchtime I (5) _____ my friends in a café. We (6) _____ some pasta and (7) _____ some juice. After lunch I (8) _____ for a few hours – I (9) _____ tired !

25. Must

A. Complete the sentences. Use the affirmative (✓) and negative (X) of must.

Example:

You mustn't (X) drink cola in the classroom.

1. You _____ (✓) listen to the teacher.
2. Students _____ (✓) study a lot before their exams.
3. We _____ (X) be cruel to animals.
4. Young children _____ (X) climb trees.
5. I _____ (X) eat snacks before dinner.
6. They _____ (✓) go home at nine o'clock.
7. You _____ (X) copy from other students.
8. He _____ (✓) tidy his room.

B. Rewrite the sentences. Use must or mustn't.

Example:

Don't be late home after school today.

I mustn't be late home after school today.

1. Don't stay in bed on Saturday.

You _____

2. Go to bed at nine o'clock on Sunday.

They _____

3. Write a letter to you grandmother.

I _____

4. Tidy your room before school.

He _____

5. Do your homework before dinner.

We _____

6. Drink a lot of water at the beach.

You _____

7. Don't talk in the library.

We _____

8. Don't play computer games in the morning.

He _____

26. Comparative adjectives

A. Write the comparative forms of the adjectives:

tall *taller*

1. fast _____

2. heavy _____

3. dangerous _____

4. small _____

5. large _____

6. light _____
7. rare _____
8. common _____
9. good _____
10. bad _____

B. Correct the sentences.

I'm more tall than my sister. *X*
I'm taller than my sister.

1. Cats are popularer than snakes as pets. *X*

2. Pigs are more intelligent as other animals. *X*

3. Turtles are slow than crocodiles. *X*

4. Elephants are heavyer than pigs. *X*

5. Bears are more rare than snakes. *X*

6. My mum thinks that cats are gooder pets than dogs. X
-

27. Be going to

A. Write sentences. Use the correct form of going to.

Example:

Sally / not / invite Mark to her party.

Sally isn't going to invite Mark to her party.

1. I / buy an MP3 player.

2. They / not / wear jeans on Saturday.

3. You / not / stay in Oxford.

4. He / do an exam tomorrow.

B. Complete the text. Use the correct form of going to.

Tomorrow I'm going to go (go) to the beach.

- (1) I _____ (not be) with my family.

(2) I _____ (meet) my friends.

(3) We _____ (play) football on the beach but

(4) I _____ (not swim).

(5) We _____ (have) a great time!

C.. Write questions and short answers about Jose, Eli and Rafa's weekend plans.

Simon / get up early on Saturday?

Is Simon going to get up early on Saturday?

No, he isn't.

1. Eli and Rafa / get up early on Saturday?

No, _____

2. Jose / play tennis in the morning?

Yes, _____

3. Jose / watch a DVD on Saturday?

No, _____

4. Simon and Jenny / do any homework on Sunday?

Yes, _____

D. Correct the sentences and questions.

Example:

My parents are go to meet my teachers tomorrow. X

My parents are going to meet my teachers tomorrow.

1. Rob and I aren't going wear trainers. X

2. We going to visit my grandparents tomorrow. X

3. Is it going to rains today? X

4. I'm no going to do any homework this evening? X

5. What is he going to doing tomorrow? X

6. You are going to school on Friday? X
