PROCESS		
General Description	**Challenge**	**Opportunity**
12. Content Organization Applies concepts using real-world situations to simplify content	☐ Makes abstract references ☐ Content and related visual elements are disorganized	☐ Breaks up the topic into a few subsets or sections ■ Incorporates concrete examples
13. Content Development Develops a concise and clear message	■ Tries to cover too much material in the given time	☐ Uses stories or analogies to enhance content
14. Content Design Creates support visuals that enhance the message without detracting from the delivery	■ Has cluttered or busy slides ☐ Uses moving or animated text lines ☐ Does excessive animation of objects ■ Has bullets that are full sentences or that wrap to multiple lines	■ Has content that is readable from a distance ☐ Uses dark backgrounds, with lighter text and images ☐ Supports main points with an appropriate visual ■ Creates proper contrast among visual elements
15. Additional Sense Stimulation Appeals to multiple senses at the same time (using multimedia, interactive activities, etc.)	☐ Has inaudible or unclear sound ☐ Projects a poor visual display that is difficult to see	☐ Uses additional or enhanced sense stimulation
16. Environment Creates favorable conditions for presenting content	----	■ Organizes the room for optimal viewing and comfort

You have a great deal of energy which sometimes causes you to move around in small areas and appears distracting. You also have a tendency to put your hands together which restricts expression. Let your hands fall to your sides when not gesturing. This is more natural.

You demonstrate good interaction skills, as evidenced by your ability to ask direct questions. You can add value by extending your arm (reaching out) to a person and holding your hand open until the person begins to speak. This creates a better connection and stimulates more interaction.

Your style favors a professional audience and some inconsistency is related to the slide design. Where content is cluttered, you tend to read or narrate to maintain accuracy. Consider using short, key phrases on slides (non-wrapping bullet points), and trust in your knowledge of the topic.