

Cues	Nursing Diagnosis	Scientific Rationale	Goal	Nursing Interventions	Rationale	Evaluation
<p><b>Subjective:</b> "Last week aka nadiagnose ng anemia."</p> <p><b>Objective</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- lab result shows decreased hemoglobin</li> <li>- presence of small lesions on brachial area</li> <li>- good skin turgor</li> <li>- capillary refill within 3 seconds.</li> <li>- pale lips</li> <li>- no retractable of gums noted</li> <li>- decreased muscle tone</li> <li>- T: 37C</li> </ul>	<p>Risk for infection related to decreased hemoglobin production</p>	<p>Exposure to toxic chemicals, ionizing radiation or some medications</p> <p>Damage to all formed elements of blood</p> <p>Failure of the cell generating capacity of bone marrow</p> <p>Clinical manifestations include: Cervical lymphadenopathy and splenomegaly</p>	<p>Short term:  After 8 hours of nursing intervention, patient will demonstrate no sign of infection.</p>	<p>INDEPENDENT</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Monitor vital signs especially temperature.</li> <li>2. Promote thorough handwashing by caregivers and patient.</li> <li>3. Provide meticulous skin, oral, and perianal care.</li> <li>4. Encourage frequent position changes/ambulation, coughing, and deep-breathing exercises.</li> <li>5. Promote adequate fluid intake.</li> </ol> <p>DEPENDENT</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Administer topical antiseptics; systemic antibiotics.</li> </ol> <p>COLLABORATIVE</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Obtain specimens for culture/sensitivity as indicated.</li> </ol>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Reflective of inflammatory process/ infection, requiring evaluation and treatment</li> <li>-Prevents cross-contamination / bacterial colonization.</li> <li>-Reduces risk of skin/tissue breakdown and infection.</li> <li>-Promotes ventilation of all lung segments and aids in mobilizing secretions to prevent pneumonia.</li> <li>-Assists in liquefying respiratory secretions to facilitate expectoration and prevent stasis of body fluids</li> <li>-May be used prophylactically to reduce colonization or used to treat specific infectious process.</li> <li>-Verifies presence of infection, identifies specific pathogen, and influences choice of treatment.</li> </ul>	<p>Goal met:</p> <p>Patient was able to demonstrate no sign of infection.</p>