

Activity Name	“ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS OF MANNER” (GRAMMAR)
Language	English
Level	Intermediate (5 th and 6 th semester)
Objective	Identify the difference between adjective and adverb of manner, and analyze some sentences to complete them.
Linguistic Competence to Develop	Grammar Reading comprehension
Strategies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognize the difference between an adjective and an adverb of manner. - Specify which sentences need an adjective or an adverb to be completed. - Identify if the noun or verb that is being modified.
Activities	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Read the information about adjectives and adverbs of manner. 2. Complete the sentences with the correct word. 3. Then write what is being described on the blank line at the end of the sentence.
Feedback	When you finish check the “Answer Key”. You can keep the worksheet in your portfolio of evidence.

ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS OF MANNER

ADJECTIVES

An adjective is a word or set of words that modifies (i.e., describes) a noun or pronoun. Adjectives may come before the word they modify.

Examples:

That is a **cute** puppy.

She likes a **high school** senior.

Adjectives may also follow the word they modify:

Examples:

That puppy looks **cute**.

The technology is **state-of-the-art**.

ADVERBS OF MANNER

Why do we use “adverbs”?

- To describe a verb
- They are studying quietly. (“quietly” describes the verb study)
- He speaks loudly all the time. (“loudly” describes the verb speak)

Usually you make an adverb by adding “ly” to an adjective.

quiet + ly = quietly

poor + ly = poorly

slow + ly = slowly

If the adjective ends with “y” then you drop the “y” and add “ily”

easy (-y) + ily = easily

angry (-y) + ily = angrily

happy (-y) + ily = happily

Some adverbs have the same form as the adjective

-late -early -hard -fast

Don't arrive late. (late describes the verb arrive)

He arrived early. (early describes the verb arrived)

You kick hard. (hard describes the verb kick)

Don't drive fast. (fast describes the verb drive)

The adverb of “good = well”

You play piano well. (well describes the verb play)

I speak well. (well describes the verb speak)

You play this game well. (well describes the verb play)

ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS OF MANNER

Remember: **Adverbs** describe a **verb** / **Adjectives** describe a **noun**

A. Choose the correct form (adjective or adverb).

- 1) John held the plate _____. (careful / carefully)
- 2) Julia is a _____ person. (careful / carefully)
- 3) I ran _____ to the station. (quick / quickly)
- 4) The journey was _____. (quick / quickly)
- 5) You look _____. Didn't you sleep well? (tired / tiredly)
- 6) The baby rubbed her eyes _____. (tired / tiredly)
- 7) She sang _____. (happy / happily)
- 8) You sound _____. (happy / happily)
- 9) I speak English _____. (well / good)
- 10) Her English is _____. (well / good)
- 11) She cooks _____. (terrible / terribly)
- 12) He is a _____ cook. (terrible / terribly)
- 13) The music was _____. (beautiful / beautifully)
- 14) She plays the piano _____. (beautiful / beautifully)
- 15) That was a _____ answer. (clever / cleverly)

B. Choose either the adverb or the adjective to complete the following sentences. Then write what is being described on the blank line at the end of the sentence.

1. The bed is very < *soft* / *softly* > so I can sleep very well. bed - noun
2. He can play sports < *good* / *well* > because he is strong. play - verb
3. The homework was < *easy* / *easily* > and I finished it fast. _____
4. Please walk < *quiet* / *quietly* > because mom is sleeping. _____
5. My friends are < *angry* / *angrily* > that I didn't help them. _____
6. Danny looks < *happy* / *happily* > today. _____
7. You always speak so < *nice* / *nicely* > to everyone. _____

ANSWER KEY

A. Choose the correct form (adjective or adverb).

1. John held the plate carefully.
2. Julia is a careful person.
3. I ran quickly to the station.
4. The journey was quick.
5. You look tired. Didn't you sleep well?
6. The baby rubbed her eyes tiredly.
7. She sang happily.
8. You sound happy.
9. I speak English well.
10. Her English is good.
11. She cooks terribly.
12. He is a terrible cook.
13. The music was beautiful.
14. She plays the piano beautifully.
15. That was a clever answer.

B. Chose either the adverb or the adjective to complete the following sentences. Then write what is being described on the blank line at the end of the sentence.

1. The bed is very soft so I can sleep very well. bed - noun
2. He can play sports well because he is strong. play - verb
3. The homework was easy and I finished it fast. homework-noun
4. Please walk quietly because mom is sleeping. walk-verb
5. My friends are angry that I didn't help them. friends-noun
6. Danny looks happy today. Danny-noun
7. You always speak so nicely to everyone. speak-verb

Sources: <http://youenglishsource.com/> - <https://www.perfect-english-grammar.com/>