



**AP[®] Calculus AB
2004 Sample Student Responses
Form B**

The materials included in these files are intended for noncommercial use by AP teachers for course and exam preparation; permission for any other use must be sought from the Advanced Placement Program[®]. Teachers may reproduce them, in whole or in part, in limited quantities, for face-to-face teaching purposes but may not mass distribute the materials, electronically or otherwise. This permission does not apply to any third-party copyrights contained herein. These materials and any copies made of them may not be resold, and the copyright notices must be retained as they appear here.

The College Board is a not-for-profit membership association whose mission is to connect students to college success and opportunity. Founded in 1900, the association is composed of more than 4,500 schools, colleges, universities, and other educational organizations. Each year, the College Board serves over three million students and their parents, 23,000 high schools, and 3,500 colleges through major programs and services in college admissions, guidance, assessment, financial aid, enrollment, and teaching and learning. Among its best-known programs are the SAT[®], the PSAT/NMSQT[®], and the Advanced Placement Program[®] (AP[®]). The College Board is committed to the principles of excellence and equity, and that commitment is embodied in all of its programs, services, activities, and concerns.

For further information, visit www.collegeboard.com

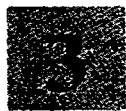
Copyright © 2004 College Entrance Examination Board. All rights reserved. College Board, Advanced Placement Program, AP, AP Central, AP Vertical Teams, APCD, Pacesetter, Pre-AP, SAT, Student Search Service, and the acorn logo are registered trademarks of the College Entrance Examination Board. PSAT/NMSQT is a registered trademark of the College Entrance Examination Board and National Merit Scholarship Corporation. Educational Testing Service and ETS are registered trademarks of Educational Testing Service. Other products and services may be trademarks of their respective owners.

For the College Board's online home for AP professionals, visit AP Central at apcentral.collegeboard.com.

3



3



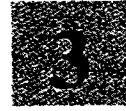
3



3



3



A

t (minutes)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
$v(t)$ (miles per minute)	7.0	9.2	9.5	7.0	4.5	2.4	2.4	4.3	7.3

Work for problem 3(a)

$$\text{Area} = \cancel{10t} = 10(9.2) + 10(7.5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{area} &= 10(f(5) + f(15) + f(25) + f(35)) \\ &= 10(9.2 + 7 + 2.4 + 4.3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Area} = 229 \text{ miles}}$$

$\int_0^{40} v(t) dt$ is the total distance traveled between $t=0$ and $t=40$ minutes

Work for problem 3(b)

$$a(t) = 0$$

~~between (0, 15)~~

on the intervals $[0, 15]$ and $[25, 30]$

The smallest number of instances the acceleration can equal zero is 2 by MVT and Rolle's Theorem

Continue problem 3 on page 9.

3



3



3



3



3

B
2

Work for problem 3(c)

$$f'(t) = \frac{1}{10} \sin t/10 + 3 \cdot \frac{7}{40} \cos 7t/40$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{1}{10} \sin t/10 + 21/40 \cos 7t/40$$

$$f'(23) = \frac{1}{10} \sin 23/10 + 21/40 \cos 161/40$$

$$f'(23) = \boxed{-.408 \text{ miles per minute}^2}$$

Work for problem 3(d)

$$\text{Average } v = \frac{f(40) - f(0)}{40 - 0}$$

$$= \frac{7.317 - 6}{40}$$

$$= \frac{1.317}{40}$$

$$= .033 \text{ miles per minute}$$

$$= .033 \text{ miles per minute}$$

$$\frac{1}{40-0} \int_0^{40} (6 + \cos(t/10) + 3 \sin(7t/40)) dt$$

$$\text{Average velocity} = \frac{1}{40} \cdot 236.65079$$

$$= \boxed{5.916 \text{ miles per minute}}$$

END OF PART A OF SECTION II

IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, YOU MAY CHECK YOUR WORK ON PART A ONLY. DO NOT GO ON TO PART B UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

C₁

t (minutes)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
$v(t)$ (miles per minute)	7.0	9.2	9.5	7.0	4.5	2.4	2.4	4.3	7.3

Work for problem 3(a)

$$\int_0^{40} v(t) dt = \frac{40-0}{4} [9.2 + 7 + 2.4 + 4.3]$$

$$= \frac{40}{4} [22.9] = 229 \text{ miles}$$

↓
distance plane flies.

Work for problem 3(b)

Acceleration of the plane equals zero where the graph changes concavity. There are 2 such instances one at $t = 10 \text{ min}$ & the other $t \in (25, 30)$.

Continue problem 3 on page 9.

Work for problem 3(c)

$$a(t) = \frac{df}{dt} = -\frac{1}{10} \sin\left(\frac{t}{10}\right) + \frac{21}{40} \cos\left(\frac{7t}{40}\right)$$

$$a(23) = -\frac{1}{10} \sin(2.3) + \frac{21}{40} \cos\left(\frac{161}{40}\right) \approx -0.408 \text{ miles/min}^2$$

Work for problem 3(d)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{avg velocity} &= \frac{1}{40-0} \int_0^{40} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{40} \int_0^{40} 6 + \cos\left(\frac{t}{10}\right) + 3\sin\left(\frac{7t}{40}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{40} \left[6t + 10\sin\left(\frac{t}{10}\right) - 3\cos\left(\frac{7t}{40}\right) \left(\frac{40}{7}\right) \right]_0^{40} \\ &= \frac{1}{40} \left[6t + 10\sin\left(\frac{t}{10}\right) - \frac{120}{7} \cos\left(\frac{7t}{40}\right) \right]_0^{40} \\ &= \frac{1}{40} \left[240 - 7.568 - 12.924 - \left(-\frac{120}{7}\right) \right] \\ &= 5.916 \frac{\text{miles}}{\text{min}} \end{aligned}$$

END OF PART A OF SECTION II

IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, YOU MAY CHECK YOUR WORK ON PART A ONLY. DO NOT GO ON TO PART B UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.