AP® HUMAN GEOGRAPHY 2010 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 3

The population pyramids above represent two countries at different stages of the demographic transition and economic development.

Part A (2 points)

Explain the demographic characteristics of each country above with respect to the demographic transition model.

Country A

- Must mention Stage 2 (second or early expanding stage) AND elaborate briefly about its characteristics, such as high birth rate, falling death rate, youthful population, developing country.
- It is not acceptable to suggest Stages 1 or 3 for Country A.

Country B

- Must mention Stage 4 (fourth, final, or low stationary stage) AND elaborate briefly about its characteristics, such as low birth rate, low death rate, aging population, developed country.
- It is acceptable to mention a possible Stage 5 (fifth stage) for Country B.

Part B (2 points)

Discuss ONE positive impact of EACH country's population structure on its economic development.

Country A (1 point)

- Expanding or large workforce
- Youthful population, which can spark creativity, receptivity to change, etc.
- Less need for immigrant labor
- Less need for elder social safety net (e.g., Social Security)

Country B (1 point)

- Educated (skilled, experienced, etc.) workforce
- Low youth dependency ratio
- More women in the compensated workforce
- Tendency to spend discretionary income on needs other than education
- Might need immigrant labor, which would allow citizens to take higher-order jobs

Part C (2 points)

Discuss ONE negative impact of EACH country's population structure on its economic development.

Country A (1 point)

- High youth dependency ratio
- Strain on resources, the environment or society owing to rapid population growth
- Low literacy rate for women
- Fewer women in the compensated workforce

AP® HUMAN GEOGRAPHY 2010 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 3 (continued)

Country B (1 point)

- High elder dependency ratio
- Possible future labor shortage
- Greater need to fund elder social safety net (e.g., Social Security)

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam. 3

demographic transition model states that countries go through four stages of demographic transition comesponding to economic development. In stage one, both birth rate and death rate are high drops, to lowed by education and women country is relatively a developed population protection and Country A has significantly larger youth population comparison to its a older generation, showing that is most likely to be in the second stage of demographic in which the death rate to is low other hand Show ma distribution, showing morease is an indication that of the dangraphic transition Which both birth rate and death rate

3B. Country A's population structure may be beneficial to the wantry's economic development as there is an extremely mall percentage of the population, and the grath constitute a large percentage of the population. As the country is probably beginning, its industrialization process, a large youth population means that large number of people are externed the workform mainly in manufacturing industries. This provides enormous economic

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.

<u> </u>	on this page as it is designated in the oxidit.	
pppor	unities for the country as large number of tobour labors is a	
	le source of comparative advantage.	
	A possible advantage of population structure of country to	3
	at with zero or negative population growth, the country	
	is already and developed is going to benefit from population	
stabili	of as most water the at the workforce of the com	etry
	pected to be in the tertiary sector with high per-capit	•
m con	re. A stable / decreasing population ensures that there	
ane	plenty of job opportunities for collège graduates and aus	
the s	recety has abundant nesources for the citizens for exam	ele
heal	ociety has abundant resources for the citizens, for example the service.	
. 4	regative impact of country A's population structure	 `3
,	the population is good growing too fast. With rapid pop	
	•	
	the soft country will be mable to allocate its reson to soft satisfy the soft all citizens As a	
of or	enoming growth to GDP be capita man remain low a	d
	enomic growth to GDP per capita may remain low, or moone gap is expected Furthernove 1 the indication	
/		
man i	the country will heavily develop it to secondary sector	
1.70 -		<u> </u>
de an	weate serious environmental problems that hinders futur	
see gro	wth.	
See gro	A regative impact of country B's population structure he dependency vortion High proportion of elderly and you child	rl

	3A	30f.	3
Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.	3	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	
may impose high income tour which lowers rea and Pahibits the inflow of foreign talents which	l dispe	esable	1 Com
and inhibits the inflow of foreign talents which	is escu	ential	10
the country's tertiary sector			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
V			
			
			
·			
	·	w	
			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			······································
		-	
		<u>-</u>	
<u></u>			
			·····

A Country A ir in more of a rtage z because of the		
high number of children. This means They have		
parred rage I and dircovered the medical		
revolution. However the # of kide in		
dirproportionally large companed to the		
number of a dult meaning they have nothit		
stage 3 where women are more informed		
about contraceptiver and are experiencing		
female empowerment. Country Bir in either		
late rtage 3 or early rtage 4 because the population		
pyramid ir relatively even. The women have		
experience with contraceptiver and are to curing		
on their career vather than -taying at home		
and taking care of the killy.		
B. One poritive impact of country A' population		
etrueture ir that when the kidrget older		
there will be a large humber of people for		
the work force and military which will		
etherythen the country's economy and military		
power one poritive impact for country &		
In that rate of natural increase is pretty level.		
but will not trant dropping because of demographic		
momentum. Mro the dependency ratioir pretty even.		
c One negative impact of country Air population		
structure is that there are many kills, and if		

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam. Country a Vocus mary members adult mod ow. Economy. dispersed evidenced Ø <u>stable</u> low and swaller poget population Tange rell service-bast amount for children Will. allow industrial ex parsion. unshilled <u>isn-</u> Nessay MOLK Dr. CLONOWY of number available: workers

Porce experienced work an retirement children young Horust woth continue a / though conditions. economic Since ort best Torse This itoo, Come arousy must work

3	Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.
userhing towards US, For examp	improving the state's economy. In. the le, Social Security payments are a massive economy. The government must fax the esses more which leads to slower
people and busine	use more which leads to slow
economic growth	
·	

AP® HUMAN GEOGRAPHY 2010 SCORING COMMENTARY

Question 3

Overview

The question was designed to enable students to show how well they understood the demographic transition and the implications of a population's demographic characteristics for economic and social conditions and economic change.

Sample: 3A Score: 6

The essay demonstrates a fundamental understanding of the demographic transition and population structures as well as the ties of each to economic development and was awarded full credit. In part A the essay received 1 point for correctly identifying Country A as being in the second stage of the demographic transition by stating that "the death rate is low and birth rate is high." An additional point was earned for indicating that Country B is in the final stage of the demographic transition and noting that "both birth rate and death rate are low." The response merited 2 points in part B for discussing the positive impact of an expanding labor pool by indicating that a large, youthful population translates into a sizable workforce for Country A and for discussing the positive impact of sufficient "job opportunities for college graduates" and "resources" (to use on needs other than education) in Country B. The essay was granted 2 points in part C for correctly discussing the negative impact on the environment created by extensive secondary-sector development in Country A and by alluding to a possible future labor shortage because of a decreased "inflow of foreign talents" necessary to expand the new tertiary sector in Country B.

Sample: 3B Score: 4

The essay received partial credit in part A (1 point), partial credit in part B (1 point) and full credit in part C (2 points). The response earned 1 point in part A for correctly identifying Country A as being in Stage 2 of the demographic transition "because of the high numbers of children." No point was awarded for Country B, as the population pyramid is clearly in Stage 4 (not "late stage 3 or early stage 4"). The essay was granted 1 point in part B for discussing the positive impact of an expanding workforce on the economy of Country A. No additional point was awarded for Country B, as the discussion is not about economic impacts. The essay merited 2 points in part C for correctly discussing the negative impact of having too many children in Country A, which could "surpass its carrying capacity," and for considering the likelihood of a future labor shortage in Country B as a result of having fewer people available for employment.

Sample: 3C Score: 3

The essay received no credit in part A, full credit in part B (2 points) and partial credit in part C (1 point). The response was given no credit in part A because no connections are made between the population pyramids and the demographic transition for either Country A or B. The essay earned 2 points in part B for discussing the positive impact of an expanding workforce owing to the presence of a large labor pool in Country A and for explaining the positive impact on employment of an educated ("intelligent and experienced") workforce in Country B. In part C no credit was granted for Country A because the essay does not discuss negative impacts such as high youth dependency ratios, gender issues or a strain on resources. The response was awarded 1 point for the discussion of the negative impact on Country B's economy of people's "living longer," which creates a high elder dependency ratio.