

# AP® Calculus AB Practice Exam

From the 2014 Administration

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Note: This publication shows the page numbers that appeared in the *2013–14 AP Exam Instructions* book and in the actual exam. This publication was not repaginated to begin with page 1.

# **Exam Instructions**

The following contains instructions taken from the *2013–14 AP Exam Instructions* book.

# AP® Calculus AB/BC Exam

Regularly Scheduled Exam Date: Wednesday morning, May 7, 2014

Late-Testing Exam Date: Thursday morning, May 22, 2014

Section I Total Time, Calculus AB: 1 hr. 45 min. Section I Total Time, Calculus BC: 1 hr. 45 min. Section II Total Time, Calculus BC: 1 hr. 30 min.

# What Proctors Need to Bring to This Exam

- Exam packets
- Answer sheets
- AP Student Packs
- 2013-14 AP Coordinator's Manual
- This book *AP Exam Instructions*
- School Code and Home-School/Self-Study Codes
- Extra graphing calculators

- Pencil sharpener
- Extra No. 2 pencils with erasers
- Extra pens with black or dark blue ink
- Extra paper
- Stapler
- Watch
- Signs for the door to the testing room
  - "Exam in Progress"
  - "Cell phones are prohibited in the testing room"

If you are giving the regularly scheduled AP Calculus AB or BC Exam:

- You may seat students **four feet (approximately 1.2 meters) apart** because these exams have scrambled multiple-choice sections. This allows you to test more students in fewer testing rooms.
- See page 10 for a sample seating plan, including form codes and serial numbers, that shows how exams should be distributed to ensure that students seated next to each other are not given the same form of the exam.
- Administrators and proctors must continue to be vigilant about opportunities for cheating.

If you are giving the alternate AP Calculus AB or BC Exam for late testing:

• You must seat students **no less than five feet (approximately 1.5 meters) apart** because these exams do not have scrambled multiple-choice sections.

Graphing calculators are required to answer some of the questions on the AP Calculus Exams. Before starting the exam administration, make sure each student has a graphing calculator from the approved list on page 45 of the 2013-14 AP Coordinator's Manual. If a student does not have a graphing calculator from the approved list, you may provide one from your supply. If the student does not want to use the calculator you provide or does not want to use a calculator at all, he or she must hand copy, date, and sign the release statement on page 43 of the 2013-14 AP Coordinator's Manual.

During the administration of Section I, Part B, and Section II, Part A, students may have no more than two graphing calculators on their desks. Calculators may not be shared. Calculator memories do not need to be cleared before or after the exam. Students with Hewlett-Packard 48–50 Series and Casio FX-9860 graphing calculators may use cards designed for use with these

calculators. Proctors should make sure infrared ports (Hewlett-Packard) are not facing each other. Since graphing calculators can be used to store data, including text, proctors should monitor that students are using their calculators appropriately. Attempts by students to use the calculator to remove exam questions and/or answers from the room may result in the cancellation of AP Exam scores.

The AP Calculus AB Exam and the AP Calculus BC Exam should be administered simultaneously. They may be administered in separate rooms, or in the same room if it is more convenient.

# **SECTION I: Multiple Choice**

Do not begin the exam instructions below until you have completed the appropriate General Instructions for your group.

These exams include survey questions. The time allowed for the survey questions is in addition to the actual test-taking time.

Make sure you begin the exams at the designated time.

*If you are giving the regularly scheduled exam, say:* 

It is Wednesday morning, May 7, and you will be taking either the AP Calculus AB Exam or the AP Calculus BC Exam.

*If you are giving the alternate exam for late testing, say:* 

It is Thursday morning, May 22, and you will be taking either the AP Calculus AB Exam or the AP Calculus BC Exam.

In a moment, you will open the packet that contains your exam materials.

By opening this packet, you agree to all of the AP Program's policies and procedures outlined in the 2013-14 Bulletin for AP Students and Parents. Please check to make sure you have the correct exam: Calculus AB or Calculus BC. Raise your hand if you do not have the correct exam. . . .

You may now remove the shrinkwrap from your exam packet and take out the Section I booklet, but do not open the booklet or the shrinkwrapped Section II materials. Put the white seals aside. . . .

Carefully remove the AP Exam label found near the top left of your exam booklet cover. Now place it on page 1 of your answer sheet on the light blue box near the top right-hand corner that reads "AP Exam Label."

If students accidentally place the exam label in the space for the number label or vice versa, advise them to leave the labels in place. They should not try to remove the label; their exam will be processed correctly.

Read the statements on the front cover of Section I and look up when you have finished. . . .

Sign your name and write today's date. Look up when you have finished. . . .

Now print your full legal name where indicated. Are there any questions? . . .

Turn to the back cover and read it completely. Look up when you have finished. . . .

Are there any questions? . . .

Section I is the multiple-choice portion of the exam. You may never discuss these specific multiple-choice questions at any time in any form with anyone, including your teacher and other students. If you disclose these questions through any means, your AP Exam score will be canceled. Are there any questions? . . .

You must complete the answer sheet using a No. 2 pencil only. Mark all of your responses beginning on page 2 of your answer sheet, one response per question. Completely fill in the circles. If you need to erase, do so carefully and completely. No credit will be given for anything written in the exam booklet. Scratch paper is not allowed, but you may use the margins or any blank space in the exam booklet for scratch work.

Section I is divided into two parts. Each part is timed separately, and you may work on each part only during the time allotted for it. Calculators are not allowed in Part A. Please put your calculators under your chair. Are there any questions? . . .

You have 55 minutes for Part A. Part A questions are numbered 1 through 28. Mark your responses for these questions on page 2 of your answer sheet. Open your Section I booklet and begin.

Note Start Time here \_\_\_\_\_\_. Note Stop Time here \_\_\_\_\_. Check that students are marking their answers in pencil on page 2 of their answer sheets and that they are not looking beyond Part A. The line of A's at the top of each page will assist you in monitoring students' work. After 55 minutes, say:

Stop working on Part A and turn to page 22 in your Section I booklet. . . .

On that page, you should see an area marked "PLACE SEAL HERE." Making sure all of your other exam materials, including your answer sheet, are out of the way, take one of your seals and press it on that area and then fold the seal over the open edge to the front cover. Be sure you don't seal the Part B section of the booklet or let the seal touch anything except the marked areas. . . .

After all students have sealed Part A, say:

Graphing calculators are required for Part B. You may get your calculators from under your chair and place them on your desk. Part B questions are numbered 76 through 92. Fold your answer sheet so only page 3 is showing and mark your responses for these questions on that page. You have 50 minutes for Part B. You may begin.

Note Start Time here \_\_\_\_\_\_. Note Stop Time here \_\_\_\_\_. Check that students have sealed their booklets properly and are now working on Part B. The large B's in an alternating shaded pattern at the top of each page will assist you in monitoring their work. Proctors should

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make sure that students are using their calculators appropriately. Proctors should also make sure Hewlett-Packard calculators' infrared ports are not facing each other. After 50 minutes, say:

Stop working and turn to page 38. You have 3 minutes to answer Questions 93–96. These are survey questions and will not affect your score. You may not go back to work on any of the exam questions. . . .

Give students approximately 3 minutes to answer the survey questions. Then say:

Close your booklet and put your answer sheet on your desk, face up. Make sure you have your AP number label and an AP Exam label on page 1 of your answer sheet. I will now collect your answer sheet.

Collect an answer sheet from each student. Check that each answer sheet has an AP number label and an AP Exam label. Then say:

Now you must seal your Section I booklet. Remove the remaining white seals from the backing and press one on each area of your exam booklet cover marked "PLACE SEAL HERE." Fold each seal over the back cover. When you have finished, place the booklet on your desk, face up. I will now collect your Section I booklet. . . .

Collect a Section I booklet from each student. Check that each student has signed the front cover of the sealed Section I booklet.

There is a 10-minute break between Sections I and II. When all Section I materials have been collected and accounted for and you are ready for the break, say:

Please listen carefully to these instructions before we take a 10-minute break. Everything you placed under your chair at the beginning of the exam must stay there. Leave your shrinkwrapped Section II packet on top of your desk during the break. You are not allowed to consult teachers, other students, or textbooks about the exam during the break. You may not make phone calls, send text messages, use your calculators, check email, use a social networking site, or access any electronic or communication device. Remember, you are not allowed to discuss the multiple-choice section of this exam. If you do not follow these rules, your score could be canceled. Are there any questions? . . .



You may begin your break. Testing will resume at \_\_

# **SECTION II: Free Response**

After the break, say:

May I have everyone's attention? Place your Student Pack on your desk. . . .

You may now remove the shrinkwrap from the Section II packet, but do not open the Section II exam booklet until you are told to do so. . . .

Read the bulleted statements on the front cover of the exam booklet. Look up when you have finished. . . .

Now place an AP number label on the shaded box. If you don't have any AP number labels, write your AP number in the box. Look up when you have finished. . . .

Read the last statement. . . .

Using your pen, print the first, middle and last initials of your legal name in the boxes and print today's date where indicated. This constitutes your signature and your agreement to the statements on the front cover. . . .

Turn to the back cover and complete Item 1 under "Important Identification Information." Print the first two letters of your <u>last</u> name and the first letter of your <u>first</u> name in the boxes. Look up when you have finished. . . .

In Item 2, print your date of birth in the boxes. . . .

In Item 3, write the school code you printed on the front of your Student Pack in the boxes. . . .

Read Item 4....

Are there any questions? . . .

I need to collect the Student Pack from anyone who will be taking another AP Exam. You may keep it only if you are not taking any other AP Exams this year. If you have no other AP Exams to take, place your Student Pack under your chair now. . . .

While Student Packs are being collected, read the information on the back cover of the exam booklet, paying careful attention to the bulleted statements in the instructions. Do not open the exam booklet or break the seals in the exam booklet until you are told to do so. Look up when you have finished. . . .

Collect the Student Packs. Then say:

Are there any questions? . . .

Section II also has two parts that are timed separately. You are responsible for pacing yourself, and may proceed freely from one question to the next within each part. Graphing calculators are required for Part A, so you may keep your calculators on your desk. You must write your answers in the appropriate space in the exam booklet using a No. 2 pencil or a pen with black or dark blue ink. Do not break the seals for Part B at this time. Are there any questions? . . .

You have 30 minutes to answer the questions in Part A. If you need more paper during the exam, raise your hand. At the top of each extra piece of paper you use, be sure to write only your AP number and the number of the question you are working on. Do not write your name. Open your exam booklet and begin.

Note Start Time here \_\_\_\_\_\_. Note Stop Time here \_\_\_\_\_. Check that students are working on Part A only and writing their answers in their exam booklets using pencils or pens with black or dark blue ink. The pages for the Part A questions are marked with large 1s or 2s at the top of each page to assist you in monitoring their work. After 20 minutes, say:

There are 10 minutes remaining in Part A.

After 10 minutes, say:

Stop working on Part A. Calculators are not allowed for Part B. Please put all of your calculators under your chair. . . .

Turn to page 13. You have 1 hour for Part B. During this time you may go back to Part A, but you may <u>not</u> use your calculator. Remember to show your work, and write your answer to each part of each problem in the appropriate space in the exam booklet. Are there any questions? . . .

Using your finger, break open the seals on Part B. Do not peel the seals away from the booklet. You may begin Part B.



Note Start Time here \_\_\_\_\_. Note Stop Time here \_\_\_\_. After 50 minutes, say:

There are 10 minutes remaining in Part B.

After 10 minutes, say:

Stop working and close your exam booklet. Place it on your desk, face up. . . .

If any students used extra paper for the free-response section, have those students staple the extra sheet/s to the first page corresponding to that question in their exam booklets. Then say:

Remain in your seat, without talking, while the exam materials are collected. . . .

Collect a Section II exam booklet from each student. Check for the following:

- Exam booklet front cover: The student placed an AP number label on the shaded box, and printed his or her initials and today's date.
- Exam booklet back cover: The student completed the "Important Identification Information" area.

When all exam materials have been collected and accounted for, return to students any electronic devices you may have collected before the start of the exam.

*If you are giving the regularly scheduled exam, say:* 

You may not discuss or share these specific free-response questions with anyone unless they are released on the College Board website in about two days. Your AP score results will be available online in July.

*If you are giving the alternate exam for late testing, say:* 

None of the questions in this exam may ever be discussed or shared in any way at any time. Your AP score results will be available online in July.

## Calculus

If any students completed the AP number card at the beginning of this exam, say:

Please remember to take your AP number card with you. You will need the information on this card to view your scores and order AP score reporting services online.

Then say:

# You are now dismissed.

All exam materials should be put in secure storage until they are returned to the AP Program after your school's last administration. Before storing materials, check the "School Use Only" section on page 1 of the answer sheet and:

- Fill in the appropriate section number circle in order to access a separate AP Instructional Planning Report (for regularly scheduled exams only) or subject score roster at the class section or teacher level. See "Post-Exam Activities" in the 2013-14 AP Coordinator's Manual.
- Check your list of students who are eligible for fee reductions and fill in the appropriate circle on their registration answer sheets.

# Student Answer Sheet for the Multiple-Choice Section

Use this section to capture student responses. (Note that the following answer sheet is a sample, and may differ from one used in an actual exam.)

(from Section I Booklet) **AP Exam Labe** 

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MULTIPLE-CHOICE BOOKLET SERIAL NUMBER

tain the security of the exam and the validity of my AP score, I will allow no one else to see the multiple-choice questions. I will seal the e-choice booked when a sked to do as, and I will not listuast sheep questions with anyone at any time after completing the e-choice booked when a sked to do as, and I will not listuast she questions with anyone at any time after completing the I am aware of and agree to the AP Program's policies and proceedures as outlined in the 2013-14 Bulletin for AP Suidents and Parents, I am aware of and agree to the AP Suidents and Parents against a large accommodations (e.g., extended time, computer, etc.) only if I have been preapproved by College Board Services **USE** N AP Number Label (from Student Pack) COMPLETE THIS AREA AT EVERY EXAM.

**Answer Sheet** 

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P. LANGUAGE — Do not complete this section	P. LANGUAGE — Do not complete this section unless instructed to do so.								
If this answer sheet is for the French Language and Culture, German Language and Culture, Italian Language and Culture, Spanish Language and Culture, or Spanish Literature and Culture Exam, please answer the following questions. Your responses will not affect your score.									
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Indicate your answers to the exam questions in this section (pages 2 and 3). Mark only one response per question. If a question has only four answer options, do not mark option E. Answers written in the multiple-choice booklet will not be scored.									
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# For Students Taking AP Biology

Write your answer in the boxes at the top of the griddable area and fill in the corresponding circles. Mark only one circle in any column. You will receive credit only if the circles are filled in correctly.

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# **ETS USE ONLY**

SELECTED MEDIA EXAMS	R	w	0	OTHER EXAMS	R	w	0
PT02				TOTAL			
PT03				Subscore (if applicable)			
PT04				Subscore (if applicable)			

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PAGE 4	U. STUDENT SEARCH SERVICE®	Colleges and scholarship programs may request your information to inform you of educational opportunities and financial aid.	Would you like us to supply your information?  Yes  No If you don't answer and previously chose to participate in this service, we will continue providing your information.	V. SEX	Female Male	W. WHICH LANGUAGE DO YOU KNOW BEST?	English English and another language about the same	Another language	JICITY/RACE	American Indian or Alaska Native	Asian, Asian American or Pacific Islander	Black or African American Mexican or Mexican American	Puerto Rican Other Hispanic, Latino or Latin American	ite .		Y. PARENTAL EDUCATION LEVEL	Mother/ Female Iuarijan	Grade school	Some high school  High school diploma or equivalent	Business or trade school	Some college	Bachelor's or four-year degree	Some graduate or professional school Graduate or professional degree			ZIP or Postal Code	
COMPLETE THIS AREA ONLY ONCE.		CITY ZIP OR POSTAL CODE COUNTRY CODE	Would by   Would by				X					S	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				<u>)                                    </u>		3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	CA (IN (NC () RI () Puerto () () () () () () () () () () () () ()		8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	ME NV VA S. STUDENT IDENTIFIER (Student ID Number)	If your address does not fit in the spaces provided in Item Q, fill in as many circles as you can, then fill in the circle in Item R and print the <u>remainder</u> of your address in the spaces provided.	ovince Country	anting the College Board with the policies in the
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# Section I: Multiple-Choice Questions

This is the multiple-choice section of the 2014 AP exam. It includes cover material and other administrative instructions to help familiarize students with the mechanics of the exam. (Note that future exams may differ in look from the following content.)

# AP® Calculus AB Exam

# **SECTION I: Multiple Choice**

2014

# DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

# At a Glance

### **Total Time**

1 hour, 45 minutes

# **Number of Questions**

## **Percent of Total Score** 50%

# **Writing Instrument**

# Pencil required Part A

## Number of Questions

### Time

55 minutes

#### **Electronic Device**

None allowed

### Part B

#### **Number of Questions**

17

# Time

50 minutes

# **Electronic Device**

Graphing calculator required

### Instructions

Section I of this exam contains 45 multiple-choice questions and 4 survey questions. For Part A, fill in only the circles for numbers 1 through 28 on page 2 of the answer sheet. For Part B, fill in only the circles for numbers 76 through 92 on page 3 of the answer sheet. The survey questions are numbers 93 through 96.

Indicate all of your answers to the multiple-choice questions on the answer sheet. No credit will be given for anything written in this exam booklet, but you may use the booklet for notes or scratch work. After you have decided which of the suggested answers is best, completely fill in the corresponding circle on the answer sheet. Give only one answer to each question. If you change an answer, be sure that the previous mark is erased completely. Here is a sample question and answer.

#### Sample Question Sample Answer

Chicago is a (A) state

(B) city







- (C) country
- (D) continent
- (E) village

Use your time effectively, working as quickly as you can without losing accuracy. Do not spend too much time on any one question. Go on to other questions and come back to the ones you have not answered if you have time. It is not expected that everyone will know the answers to all of the multiple-choice questions.

Your total score on the multiple-choice section is based only on the number of questions answered correctly. Points are not deducted for incorrect answers or unanswered questions.

> Form I Form Code 4JBP6-S

# CALCULUS AB SECTION I, Part A Time—55 minutes Number of questions—28

# A CALCULATOR MAY NOT BE USED ON THIS PART OF THE EXAM.

**Directions:** Solve each of the following problems, using the available space for scratch work. After examining the form of the choices, decide which is the best of the choices given and fill in the corresponding circle on the answer sheet. No credit will be given for anything written in the exam book. Do not spend too much time on any one problem.

# In this exam:

- (1) Unless otherwise specified, the domain of a function f is assumed to be the set of all real numbers x for which f(x) is a real number.
- (2) The inverse of a trigonometric function f may be indicated using the inverse function notation  $f^{-1}$  or with the prefix "arc" (e.g.,  $\sin^{-1} x = \arcsin x$ ).

- $1. \qquad \int_2^x \left(3t^2 1\right) dt =$ 
  - (A)  $x^3 x 6$  (B)  $x^3 x$  (C)  $3x^2 12$  (D)  $3x^2 1$  (E) 6x 12

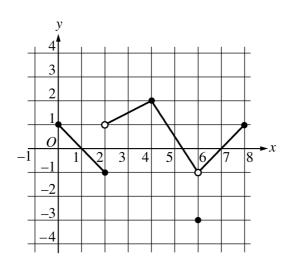
- 2. What is the slope of the line tangent to the graph of  $y = \ln(2x)$  at the point where x = 4?

  - (A)  $\frac{1}{8}$  (B)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (C)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (D)  $\frac{3}{4}$  (E) 4

- 3. If  $f(x) = 4x^{-2} + \frac{1}{4}x^2 + 4$ , then f'(2) =
  - (A) -62 (B) -58 (C) -3
- (D) 0
- (E) 1

- $4. \qquad \int_1^2 \frac{dx}{2x+1} =$

- (A)  $2 \ln 2$  (B)  $\frac{1}{2} \ln 2$  (C)  $2 (\ln 5 \ln 3)$  (D)  $\ln 5 \ln 3$  (E)  $\frac{1}{2} (\ln 5 \ln 3)$



- 5. The figure above shows the graph of the function f. Which of the following statements are true?
  - I.  $\lim_{x \to 2^{-}} f(x) = f(2)$
  - II.  $\lim_{x \to 6^{-}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 6^{+}} f(x)$
  - III.  $\lim_{x \to 6} f(x) = f(6)$
  - (A) II only
  - (B) III only
  - (C) I and II only
  - (D) II and III only
  - (E) I, II, and III

- $6. \qquad \frac{d}{dx} \left( \sin^3 \left( x^2 \right) \right) =$ 
  - (A)  $\cos^3(x^2)$
  - (B)  $3\sin^2(x^2)$
  - (C)  $6x\sin^2(x^2)$
  - (D)  $3\sin^2(x^2)\cos(x^2)$
  - (E)  $6x\sin^2(x^2)\cos(x^2)$

- 7.  $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^3}{e^{3x}}$  is

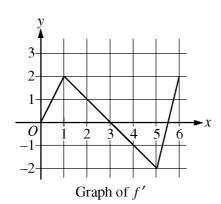
- (A) 0 (B)  $\frac{2}{9}$  (C)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (D) 1 (E) infinite

- 8. Using the substitution  $u = \sin(2x)$ ,  $\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} \sin^5(2x) \cos(2x) dx$  is equivalent to
  - (A)  $-2\int_{1/2}^{1} u^5 du$
  - (B)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_{1/2}^{1} u^5 du$
  - (C)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\sqrt{3}/2} u^5 du$
  - (D)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\sqrt{3}/2}^{0} u^5 du$
  - (E)  $2\int_{\sqrt{3}/2}^{0} u^5 du$

- 9. The function f has a first derivative given by  $f'(x) = x(x-3)^2(x+1)$ . At what values of x does f have a relative maximum?
  - (A) -1 only
- (B) 0 only
- (C) -1 and 0 only
- (D) -1 and 3 only
- (E) -1, 0, and 3

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 7x + 10}{b(x - 2)} & \text{for } x \neq 2\\ b & \text{for } x = 2 \end{cases}$$

- 10. Let f be the function defined above. For what value of b is f continuous at x = 2?
  - (A) -3
- (B)  $\sqrt{2}$
- (C) 3
- (D) 5
- (E) There is no such value of b.



- 11. For  $0 \le x \le 6$ , the graph of f', the derivative of f, is piecewise linear as shown above. If f(0) = 1, what is the maximum value of f on the interval?
  - (A) 1
- (B) 1.5
- (C) 2
- (D) 4
- (E) 6

- 12. Let f be the function given by  $f(x) = 9^x$ . If four subintervals of equal length are used, what is the value of the right Riemann sum approximation for  $\int_0^2 f(x) dx$ ?
  - (A) 20
- (B) 40
- (C) 60
- (D) 80
- (E) 120

- $13. \qquad \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x+1}{x^2+1} \right) =$ 
  - (A)  $\frac{x^2 + 2x 1}{\left(x^2 + 1\right)^2}$
  - (B)  $\frac{-x^2 2x + 1}{x^2 + 1}$
  - (C)  $\frac{-x^2 2x + 1}{\left(x^2 + 1\right)^2}$
  - (D)  $\frac{3x^2 + 2x + 1}{\left(x^2 + 1\right)^2}$
  - (E)  $\frac{1}{2x}$

- 14. The velocity of a particle moving along the x-axis is given by  $v(t) = \sin(2t)$  at time t. If the particle is at x = 4 when t = 0, what is the position of the particle when  $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$ ?
  - (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 4
- (D) 5
- (E) 6

15. The function y = g(x) is differentiable and increasing for all real numbers. On what intervals is the function  $y = g(x^3 - 6x^2)$  increasing?

- (A)  $(-\infty, 0]$  and  $[4, \infty)$  only
- (B) [0, 4] only
- (C)  $[2, \infty)$  only
- (D)  $[6, \infty)$  only
- (E)  $(-\infty, \infty)$

 $\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{|x-3|}{x-3}$  is 16.

- $(A) -3 \qquad (B) -1$
- (C) 1
- (D) 3
- (E) nonexistent

17. If  $f(x) = ae^{-ax}$  for a > 0, then f'(x) =

- (A)  $e^{-ax}$
- (B)  $ae^{-ax}$
- (C)  $a^2 e^{-ax}$
- (D)  $-ae^{-ax}$
- (E)  $-a^2e^{-ax}$

18. A student attempted to solve the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$  with initial condition y = 2 when x = 0. In which step, if any, does an error first appear?

Step 1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{y} dy = \int x dx$$

Step 2: 
$$\ln|y| = \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

Step 3: 
$$|y| = e^{x^2/2} + C$$

Step 4: Since 
$$y = 2$$
 when  $x = 0$ ,  $2 = e^0 + C$ .

Step 5: 
$$y = e^{x^2/2} + 1$$

- (A) Step 2
- (B) Step 3
- (C) Step 4
- (D) Step 5
- (E) There is no error in the solution.

19. For what values of x does the graph of  $y = 3x^5 + 10x^4$  have a point of inflection?

- (A)  $x = -\frac{8}{3}$  only
- (B) x = -2 only
- (C) x = 0 only
- (D) x = 0 and  $x = -\frac{8}{3}$
- (E) x = 0 and x = -2

- $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{\ln(x+3) \ln(5)}{x 2}$  is 20.

- (A) 0 (B)  $\frac{1}{5}$  (C)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (D) 1 (E) nonexistent

- 21. Functions w, x, and y are differentiable with respect to time and are related by the equation  $w = x^2y$ . If x is decreasing at a constant rate of 1 unit per minute and y is increasing at a constant rate of 4 units per minute, at what rate is w changing with respect to time when x = 6 and y = 20?
  - (A) -384
- (B) -240
- (C) -96
- (D) 276
- (E) 384

- 22. Let f be the function defined by  $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 12x + 18$ . On which of the following intervals is the graph of f both decreasing and concave up?

  - (A)  $\left(-\infty, -1\right)$  (B)  $\left(-1, \frac{1}{2}\right)$  (C)  $\left(-1, 2\right)$  (D)  $\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2\right)$  (E)  $\left(2, \infty\right)$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x + 5 & \text{when } x < -1 \\ -x^2 + 3 & \text{when } x \ge -1 \end{cases}$$

- 23. If f is the function defined above, then f'(-1) is
  - (A) -3
- (B) -2
- (C) 2
- (D) 3
- (E) nonexistent

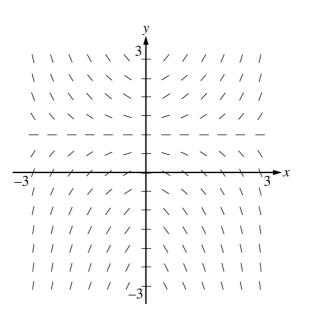
- 24. Let f be the function defined by  $f(x) = \frac{(3x+8)(5-4x)}{(2x+1)^2}$ . Which of the following is a horizontal asymptote to
  - the graph of f?
  - (A) y = -6
  - (B) y = -3
  - (C)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}$
  - (D) y = 0
  - (E)  $y = \frac{3}{2}$

- 25. If  $y = x^2 2x$  and u = 2x + 1, then  $\frac{dy}{du} = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx}$ 
  - (A)  $\frac{2(x^2+x-1)}{(2x+1)^2}$  (B)  $6x^2-3x-2$  (C) 4x (D) x-1 (E)  $\frac{1}{x-1}$

- 26. For x > 0,  $\frac{d}{dx} \int_{1}^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt =$ 

  - (A)  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}(1+x)}$  (B)  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}(1+\sqrt{x})}$  (C)  $\frac{1}{1+x}$  (D)  $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x}$  (E)  $\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x}}$

- 27. A particle moves on the x-axis so that at any time t,  $0 \le t \le 1$ , its position is given by  $x(t) = \sin(2\pi t) + 2\pi t$ . For what value of t is the particle at rest?
  - (A) 0
- (B)  $\frac{1}{8}$  (C)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (D)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- (E) 1



28. Shown above is a slope field for which of the following differential equations?

(A) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = xy - x$$

(B) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = xy + x$$

(C) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x^2$$

(D) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (y - 1)x^2$$

(E) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (y-1)^3$$

# **END OF PART A OF SECTION I**

IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, YOU MAY CHECK YOUR WORK ON PART A ONLY.

DO NOT GO ON TO PART B UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

B

B

B

B

B

B

B

B

# CALCULUS AB SECTION I, Part B Time—50 minutes Number of questions—17

## A GRAPHING CALCULATOR IS REQUIRED FOR SOME QUESTIONS ON THIS PART OF THE EXAM.

**Directions:** Solve each of the following problems, using the available space for scratch work. After examining the form of the choices, decide which is the best of the choices given and fill in the corresponding circle on the answer sheet. No credit will be given for anything written in the exam book. Do not spend too much time on any one problem.

BE SURE YOU ARE USING PAGE 3 OF THE ANSWER SHEET TO RECORD YOUR ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS NUMBERED 76–92.

YOU MAY NOT RETURN TO PAGE 2 OF THE ANSWER SHEET.

## In this exam:

- (1) The exact numerical value of the correct answer does not always appear among the choices given. When this happens, select from among the choices the number that best approximates the exact numerical value.
- (2) Unless otherwise specified, the domain of a function f is assumed to be the set of all real numbers x for which f(x) is a real number.
- (3) The inverse of a trigonometric function f may be indicated using the inverse function notation  $f^{-1}$  or with the prefix "arc" (e.g.,  $\sin^{-1} x = \arcsin x$ ).

B

B

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B

B

B

B

- 76. A particle moves along a straight line so that at time t > 0 the position of the particle is given by s(t), the velocity is given by v(t), and the acceleration is given by a(t). Which of the following expressions gives the average velocity of the particle on the interval [2, 8]?
  - (A)  $\frac{1}{6} \int_2^8 a(t) dt$
  - (B)  $\frac{1}{6} \int_2^8 s(t) dt$
  - (C)  $\frac{s(8) s(2)}{6}$
  - (D)  $\frac{v(8) v(2)}{6}$
  - (E) v(8) v(2)

- 77. If  $\sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2+1}\right)$  is an antiderivative for f(x), then  $\int_1^2 f(x) dx =$ 
  - (A) -0.281
- (B) -0.102
- (C) 0.102
- (D) 0.260
- (E) 0.282

B

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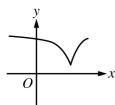
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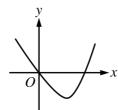
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78. The function f is differentiable and increasing for all real numbers x, and the graph of f has exactly one point of inflection. Of the following, which could be the graph of f', the derivative of f?

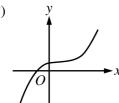
(A)



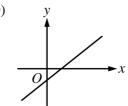
(B)



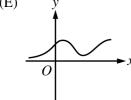
(C)



(D)



(E)



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B

B

B

B

B

79. A vase has the shape obtained by revolving the curve  $y = 2 + \sin x$  from x = 0 to x = 5 about the x-axis, where x and y are measured in inches. What is the volume, in cubic inches, of the vase?

(A) 10.716

(B) 25.501

(C) 33.666

(D) 71.113

(E) 80.115

х	f(x)
1	2.4
3	3.6
5	5.4

80. The table above gives selected values of a function f. The function is twice differentiable with f''(x) > 0. Which of the following could be the value of f'(3)?

(A) 0.6

- (B) 0.7
- (C) 0.9
- (D) 1.2
- (E) 1.5

B B B B B B B

- 81. At time t = 0 years, a forest preserve has a population of 1500 deer. If the rate of growth of the population is modeled by  $R(t) = 2000e^{0.23t}$  deer per year, what is the population at time t = 3?
  - (A) 3987
- (B) 5487
- (C) 8641
- (D) 10,141
- (E) 12,628

B

B

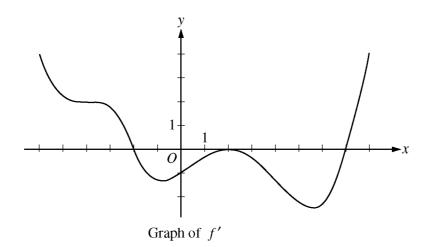
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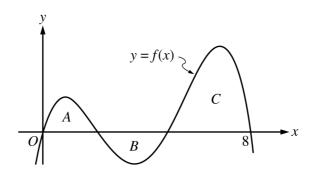
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- 82. The figure above shows the graph of f', the derivative of function f, for -6 < x < 8. Of the following, which best describes the graph of f on the same interval?
  - (A) 1 relative minimum, 1 relative maximum, and 3 points of inflection
  - (B) 1 relative minimum, 1 relative maximum, and 4 points of inflection
  - (C) 2 relative minima, 1 relative maximum, and 2 points of inflection
  - (D) 2 relative minima, 1 relative maximum, and 4 points of inflection
  - (E) 2 relative minima, 2 relative maxima, and 3 points of inflection

- 83. Let f and g be continuous functions such that  $\int_0^6 f(x) dx = 9$ ,  $\int_3^6 f(x) dx = 5$ , and  $\int_3^0 g(x) dx = -7$ . What is the value of  $\int_0^3 \left(\frac{1}{2}f(x) - 3g(x)\right) dx ?$
- (A) -23 (B) -19 (C)  $-\frac{17}{2}$  (D) 19 (E) 23



- 84. The regions A, B, and C in the figure above are bounded by the graph of the function f and the x-axis. The area of region A is 14, the area of region B is 16, and the area of region C is 50. What is the average value of f on the interval [0, 8]?
  - (A) 6
- (B) 10
- (C)  $\frac{40}{3}$  (D)  $\frac{80}{3}$  (E) 48

- 85. A particle moves along the x-axis so that its velocity at time  $t \ge 0$  is given by  $v(t) = \frac{t^2 1}{t^2 + 1}$ . What is the total distance traveled by the particle from t = 0 to t = 2?
  - (A) 0.214
- (B) 0.320
- (C) 0.600
- (D) 0.927
- (E) 1.600

- 86. Line  $\ell$  is tangent to the graph of  $y = e^x$  at the point  $(k, e^k)$ . What is the positive value of k for which the y-intercept of  $\ell$  is  $\frac{1}{2}$ ?
  - (A) 0.405
  - (B) 0.768
  - (C) 1.500
  - (D) 1.560
  - (E) There is no such value of k.

- 87. A differentiable function f has the property that  $f'(x) \le 3$  for  $1 \le x \le 8$  and f(5) = 6. Which of the following could be true?
  - I. f(2) = 0
  - II. f(6) = -2
  - III. f(7) = 13
  - (A) I only
  - (B) II only
  - (C) I and II only
  - (D) I and III only
  - (E) II and III only

B

B

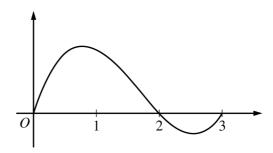
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B



Graph of f

- 88. The graph of the differentiable function f is shown in the figure above. Let h be the function defined by  $h(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$ . Which of the following correctly orders h(2), h'(2), and h''(2)?
  - (A) h(2) < h'(2) < h''(2)
  - (B) h'(2) < h(2) < h''(2)
  - (C) h'(2) < h''(2) < h(2)
  - (D) h''(2) < h(2) < h'(2)
  - (E) h''(2) < h'(2) < h(2)

B

B

B

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B

B

B

- 89. What is the area of the region enclosed by the graphs of  $y = e^x 2$ ,  $y = \sin x$ , and x = 0?
  - (A) 0.239
- (B) 0.506
- (C) 0.745
- (D) 2.340
- (E) 3.472

- 90. A particle moves along a line so that its velocity is given by  $v(t) = -t^3 + 2t^2 + 2^{-t}$  for  $t \ge 0$ . For what values of t is the speed of the particle increasing?
  - (A) (0, 0.177) and  $(1.256, \infty)$
  - (B) (0, 1.256) only
  - (C) (0, 2.057) only
  - (D) (0.177, 1.256) only
  - (E) (0.177, 1.256) and  $(2.057, \infty)$

- 91. Let F be a function defined for all real numbers x such that F'(x) > 0 and F''(x) > 0. Which of the following could be a table of values for F?
  - (A) x F(x)1 -3 2 -4 3 -6 4 -9
  - (B) x F(x) 1 -3 2 -1 3 34 19
  - (C)  $\begin{array}{c|ccc} x & F(x) \\ \hline 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 0 \\ \hline 3 & 3 \\ 4 & 6 \\ \end{array}$
  - (D) x = F(x) 1 = -3 2 = 5 3 = 114 = 13

 $\mathbf{B}$ 

B

B

B

х	f(x)	g(x)	f'(x)
-4	0	<b>-9</b>	5
-2	4	<b>-</b> 7	4
0	6	-4	2
2	7	-3	1
4	10	-2	3

- 92. The table above gives values of the differentiable functions f and g, and f', the derivative of f, at selected values of x. If  $g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$ , what is the value of g'(4)?
- (A)  $-\frac{1}{3}$  (B)  $-\frac{1}{4}$  (C)  $-\frac{3}{100}$  (D)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (E)  $\frac{1}{3}$

## B B B B B B B

#### **END OF SECTION I**

## IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, YOU MAY CHECK YOUR WORK ON PART B ONLY.

DO NOT GO ON TO SECTION II UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

### MAKE SURE YOU HAVE DONE THE FOLLOWING.

- PLACED YOUR AP NUMBER LABEL ON YOUR ANSWER SHEET
- WRITTEN AND GRIDDED YOUR AP NUMBER CORRECTLY ON YOUR ANSWER SHEET
- TAKEN THE AP EXAM LABEL FROM THE FRONT OF THIS BOOKLET AND PLACED IT ON YOUR ANSWER SHEET

AFTER TIME HAS BEEN CALLED, TURN TO PAGE 38 AND ANSWER QUESTIONS 93–96.

## Section II: Free-Response Questions

This is the free-response section of the 2014 AP exam. It includes cover material and other administrative instructions to help familiarize students with the mechanics of the exam. (Note that future exams may differ in look from the following content.)

## AP® Calculus AB Exam

## **SECTION II: Free Response**

2014

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET OR BREAK THE SEALS ON PART B UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

### At a Glance

#### **Total Time**

1 hour, 30 minutes

### **Number of Questions**

### **Percent of Total Score**

50%

### **Writing Instrument**

Either pencil or pen with black or dark blue ink

The questions are weighted equally, but the parts of a question are not necessarily given equal weight.

#### Part A

#### **Number of Questions**

Time

#### 30 minutes

**Electronic Device** 

Graphing calculator required

## **Percent of Section II Score**

33.3%

#### Part B

#### **Number of Questions**

4

#### Time

60 minutes

#### **Electronic Device**

None allowed

#### **Percent of Section II Score**

66.6%

## **IMPORTANT Identification Information**

PLEASE PRINT WITH PEN:

1. First two letters of your last name

First letter of your first name

2. Date of birth

Month

3. Six-digit school code

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4. Unless I check the box below, I grant the College Board the unlimited right to use. reproduce, and publish my free-response materials, both written and oral, for educational research and instructional purposes. My name and the name of my school will not be used in any way in connection with my free-response materials. I understand that I am free to mark "No" with no effect on my score or its reporting.

No, I do not grant the College Board these rights.

#### **Instructions**

The questions for Section II are printed in this booklet. Do not break the seals on Part B until you are told to do so. Write your solution to each part of each question in the space provided. Write clearly and legibly. Cross out any errors you make; erased or crossed-out work will not be scored.

Manage your time carefully. During the timed portion for Part A, work only on the questions in Part A. You are permitted to use your calculator to solve an equation, find the derivative of a function at a point, or calculate the value of a definite integral. However, you must clearly indicate the setup of your question, namely the equation, function, or integral you are using. If you use other built-in features or programs, you must show the mathematical steps necessary to produce your results. During the timed portion for Part B, you may continue to work on the questions in Part A without the use of a calculator.

For each part of Section II, you may wish to look over the questions before starting to work on them. It is not expected that everyone will be able to complete all parts of all

- Show all of your work. Clearly label any functions, graphs, tables, or other objects that you use. Your work will be scored on the correctness and completeness of your methods as well as your answers. Answers without supporting work will usually not receive credit. Justifications require that you give mathematical (noncalculator) reasons.
- · Your work must be expressed in standard mathematical notation rather than calculator syntax. For example,  $\int_0^5 x^2 dx$  may not be written as fnInt(X<sup>2</sup>, X, 1, 5).
- · Unless otherwise specified, answers (numeric or algebraic) need not be simplified. If you use decimal approximations in calculations, your work will be scored on accuracy. Unless otherwise specified, your final answers should be accurate to three places after the decimal point.
- Unless otherwise specified, the domain of a function f is assumed to be the set of all real numbers x for which f(x) is a real number.

Form I Form Code 4JBP6-S

## CALCULUS AB SECTION II, Part A

Time—30 minutes
Number of problems—2

A graphing calculator is required for these problems.

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t (hours)	0	0.4	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.4
v(t) (miles per hour)	0	11.8	9.5	17.2	16.3	16.8	20.1

- 1. Ruth rode her bicycle on a straight trail. She recorded her velocity v(t), in miles per hour, for selected values of t over the interval  $0 \le t \le 2.4$  hours, as shown in the table above. For  $0 < t \le 2.4$ , v(t) > 0.
  - (a) Use the data in the table to approximate Ruth's acceleration at time t = 1.4 hours. Show the computations that lead to your answer. Indicate units of measure.

(b) Using correct units, interpret the meaning of  $\int_0^{2.4} v(t) dt$  in the context of the problem. Approximate  $\int_0^{2.4} v(t) dt$  using a midpoint Riemann sum with three subintervals of equal length and values from the table.

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(c) For  $0 \le t \le 2.4$  hours, Ruth's velocity can be modeled by the function g given by  $g(t) = \frac{24t + 5\sin(6t)}{t + 0.7}$ . According to the model, what was Ruth's average velocity during the time interval  $0 \le t \le 2.4$ ?

(d) According to the model given in part (c), is Ruth's speed increasing or decreasing at time t = 1.3? Give a reason for your answer.

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- 2. A store is having a 12-hour sale. The total number of shoppers who have entered the store t hours after the sale begins is modeled by the function S defined by  $S(t) = 0.5t^4 16t^3 + 144t^2$  for  $0 \le t \le 12$ . At time t = 0, when the sale begins, there are no shoppers in the store.
  - (a) At what rate are shoppers entering the store 3 hours after the start of the sale?

(b) Find the value of  $\frac{1}{3} \int_{6}^{9} S'(t) dt$ . Using correct units, explain the meaning of  $\frac{1}{3} \int_{6}^{9} S'(t) dt$  in the context of this problem.

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(c) The rate at which shoppers leave the store, measured in shoppers per hour, is modeled by the function L defined by  $L(t) = -80 + \frac{4400}{t^2 - 14t + 55}$  for  $0 \le t \le 12$ . According to the model, how many shoppers are in the store at the end of the sale (time t = 12)? Give your answer to the nearest whole number.

(d) Using the given models, find the time t,  $0 \le t \le 12$ , at which the number of shoppers in the store is the greatest. Justify your answer.

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END OF PART A OF SECTION II

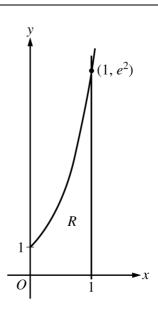
IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, YOU MAY CHECK YOUR WORK ON PART A ONLY. DO NOT GO ON TO PART B UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

## CALCULUS AB SECTION II, Part B

Time—60 minutes
Number of problems—4

No calculator is allowed for these problems.

DO NOT BREAK THE SEALS UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.



- 3. Let  $f(x) = e^{2x}$ . Let R be the region in the first quadrant bounded by the graph of y = f(x) and the vertical line x = 1, as shown in the figure above.
  - (a) Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of f at x = 1.

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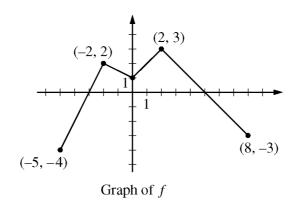
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(b) Find the area of R.

(c) Region *R* forms the base of a solid whose cross sections perpendicular to the *y*-axis are squares. Write, but do not evaluate, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the volume of the solid.

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- 4. The continuous function f is defined on the interval  $-5 \le x \le 8$ . The graph of f, which consists of four line segments, is shown in the figure above. Let g be the function given by  $g(x) = 2x + \int_{-2}^{x} f(t) dt$ .
  - (a) Find g(0) and g(-5).

(b) Find g'(x) in terms of f(x). For each of g''(4) and g''(-2), find the value or state that it does not exist.

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(c) On what intervals, if any, is the graph of g concave down? Give a reason for your answer.

(d) The function h is given by  $h(x) = g(x^3 + 1)$ . Find h'(1). Show the work that leads to your answer.

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## NO CALCULATOR ALLOWED

- 5. Particle X moves along the positive x-axis so that its position at time  $t \ge 0$  is given by  $x(t) = 5t^3 9t^2 + 7$ .
  - (a) Is particle X moving toward the left or toward the right at time t = 1? Give a reason for your answer.

(b) At what time  $t \ge 0$  is particle X farthest to the left? Justify your answer.

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(c) A second particle, Y, moves along the positive y-axis so that its position at time t is given by y(t) = 7t + 3. At any time t,  $t \ge 0$ , the origin and the positions of the particles X and Y are the vertices of a triangle in the first quadrant. Find the rate of change of the area of the triangle at time t = 1. Show the work that leads to your answer.

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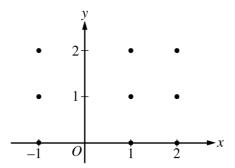
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## NO CALCULATOR ALLOWED

- 6. Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(1 \frac{2}{x^2}\right)(y-1)$ , where  $x \neq 0$ . Let y = f(x) be the particular solution to the differential equation with initial condition f(1) = 2.
  - (a) Find the slope of the line tangent to the graph of f at the point (1, 2).

(b) On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the nine points indicated.



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(c) Find the particular solution y = f(x) to the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(1 - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)(y - 1)$  with initial condition f(1) = 2.

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#### STOP

### **END OF EXAM**

THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS APPLY TO THE COVERS OF THE SECTION II BOOKLET.

- MAKE SURE YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION AS REQUESTED ON THE FRONT <u>AND</u> BACK COVERS OF THE SECTION II BOOKLET.
- CHECK TO SEE THAT YOUR AP NUMBER LABEL APPEARS IN THE BOX ON THE COVER.
- MAKE SURE YOU HAVE USED THE SAME SET OF AP NUMBER LABELS ON <u>ALL</u> AP EXAMS YOU HAVE TAKEN THIS YEAR.

## Multiple-Choice Answer Key

The following contains the answers to the multiple-choice questions in this exam.

## Answer Key for AP Calculus AB Practice Exam, Section I

Question 1: A	Question 24: B
Question 2: B	Question 25: D
Question 3: D	Question 26: A
Question 4: E	Question 27: D
Question 5: C	Question 28: A
Question 6: E	Question 76: C
Question 7: A	Question 77: A
Question 8: D	Question 78: A
Question 9: A	Question 79: E
Question 10: E	Question 80: B
Question 11: D	Question 81: D
Question 12: C	Question 82: A
Question 13: C	Question 83: B
Question 14: D	Question 84: A
Question 15: A	Question 85: D
Question 16: B	Question 86: B
Question 17: E	Question 87: C
Question 18: B	Question 88: E
Question 19: B	Question 89: C
Question 20: B	Question 90: E
Question 21: C	Question 91: B
Question 22: D	Question 92: D
Question 23: E	

## Free-Response Scoring Guidelines

The following contains the scoring guidelines for the free-response questions in this exam.

#### Question 1

t (hours)	0	0.4	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.4
v(t) (miles per hour)	0	11.8	9.5	17.2	16.3	16.8	20.1

Ruth rode her bicycle on a straight trail. She recorded her velocity v(t), in miles per hour, for selected values of t over the interval  $0 \le t \le 2.4$  hours, as shown in the table above. For  $0 < t \le 2.4$ , v(t) > 0.

(a) Use the data in the table to approximate Ruth's acceleration at time t = 1.4 hours. Show the computations that lead to your answer. Indicate units of measure.

(b) Using correct units, interpret the meaning of  $\int_0^{2.4} v(t) dt$  in the context of the problem. Approximate  $\int_0^{2.4} v(t) dt$  using a midpoint Riemann sum with three subintervals of equal length and values from the table.

(c) For  $0 \le t \le 2.4$  hours, Ruth's velocity can be modeled by the function g given by  $g(t) = \frac{24t + 5\sin(6t)}{t + 0.7}$ . According to the model, what was Ruth's average velocity during the time interval  $0 \le t \le 2.4$ ?

(d) According to the model given in part (c), is Ruth's speed increasing or decreasing at time t = 1.3? Give a reason for your answer.

(a) 
$$a(1.4) \approx \frac{v(1.6) - v(1.2)}{1.6 - 1.2} = \frac{16.3 - 17.2}{1.6 - 1.2} = -2.25 \text{ miles/hr}^2$$

 $2: \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1: approximation \\ 1: units \end{array} \right.$ 

(b)  $\int_0^{2.4} v(t) dt$  is the total distance Ruth traveled, in miles, from time t = 0 to time t = 2.4 hours.

3: { 1: interpretation 
1: midpoint Riemann sum 
1: approximation

$$\int_0^{2.4} v(t) dt \approx (0.8)(11.8) + (0.8)(17.2) + (0.8)(16.8)$$
= 36.64 miles

(c) Average velocity = 
$$\frac{1}{2.4} \int_0^{2.4} g(t) dt = 14.064$$
 miles/hr

 $2: \begin{cases} 1 : integral \\ 1 : answer \end{cases}$ 

(d) Velocity = 
$$g(1.3) = 18.096358 > 0$$
  
Acceleration =  $g'(1.3) = 3.761152 > 0$ 

2 : conclusion with reason

Ruth's speed is increasing at time t = 1.3 since velocity and acceleration have the same sign at this time.

### Question 2

A store is having a 12-hour sale. The total number of shoppers who have entered the store t hours after the sale begins is modeled by the function S defined by  $S(t) = 0.5t^4 - 16t^3 + 144t^2$  for  $0 \le t \le 12$ . At time t = 0, when the sale begins, there are no shoppers in the store.

- (a) At what rate are shoppers entering the store 3 hours after the start of the sale?
- (b) Find the value of  $\frac{1}{3} \int_{6}^{9} S'(t) dt$ . Using correct units, explain the meaning of  $\frac{1}{3} \int_{6}^{9} S'(t) dt$  in the context of this problem.
- (c) The rate at which shoppers leave the store, measured in shoppers per hour, is modeled by the function L defined by  $L(t) = -80 + \frac{4400}{t^2 14t + 55}$  for  $0 \le t \le 12$ . According to the model, how many shoppers are in the store at the end of the sale (time t = 12)? Give your answer to the nearest whole number.
- (d) Using the given models, find the time t,  $0 \le t \le 12$ , at which the number of shoppers in the store is the greatest. Justify your answer.
- (a) S'(3) = 486 shoppers/hour
- (b)  $\frac{1}{3} \int_{6}^{9} S'(t) dt = \frac{1}{3} (S(9) S(6))$ =  $\frac{1}{3} (3280.5 - 2376) = 301.5$

 $\frac{1}{3}\int_{6}^{9} S'(t) dt$  is the average rate at which shoppers are entering the store in shoppers/hr between times t = 6 and t = 9 hours.

- (c)  $S(12) \int_0^{12} L(t) dt = 195.701684$ Therefore, there are approximately 196 shoppers in the store at the end of the sale.
- (d) The number of shoppers in the store at time t is given by the function N defined by

$$N(t) = S(t) - \int_0^t L(x) dx$$

$$N'(t) = S'(t) - L(t) = 0 \text{ when } t = 5.545066$$

The number of shoppers in the store is greatest at time t = 5.545 hours.

1: answer

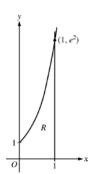
2: 
$$\begin{cases} 1 : \text{value of } \frac{1}{3} \int_{6}^{9} S'(t) dt \\ 1 : \text{meaning of } \frac{1}{3} \int_{6}^{9} S'(t) dt \end{cases}$$

3: 
$$\begin{cases} 1 : integral \\ 1 : uses S(12) \\ 1 : answer \end{cases}$$

3: 
$$\begin{cases} 1 : \text{considers } S'(t) - L(t) = 0 \\ 1 : \text{answer} \\ 1 : \text{justification} \end{cases}$$

## Question 3

Let  $f(x) = e^{2x}$ . Let R be the region in the first quadrant bounded by the graph of y = f(x) and the vertical line x = 1, as shown in the figure above.



- (a) Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of f at x = 1.
- (b) Find the area of R.
- (c) Region R forms the base of a solid whose cross sections perpendicular to the y-axis are squares. Write, but do not evaluate, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the volume of the solid.

(a) 
$$f(1) = e^2$$
  
 $f'(x) = 2e^{2x} \implies f'(1) = 2e^2$ 

 $2: \begin{cases} 1: f'(1) \\ 1: \text{answer} \end{cases}$ 

An equation for the tangent line is  $y = e^2 + 2e^2(x-1)$ .

(b) Area = 
$$\int_0^1 e^{2x} dx = \left[\frac{1}{2}e^{2x}\right]_{x=0}^{x=1} = \frac{1}{2}(e^2 - 1)$$

3 : { 1 : integral 1 : antiderivative 1 : answer

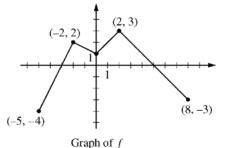
(c) Volume = 
$$1 + \int_{1}^{e^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \ln y\right)^{2} dy$$

 $4: \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2: integrand \\ 1: limits \\ 1: answer \end{array} \right.$ 

### Question 4

The continuous function f is defined on the interval  $-5 \le x \le 8$ . The graph of f, which consists of four line segments, is shown in the figure above.

Let g be the function given by  $g(x) = 2x + \int_{-2}^{x} f(t) dt$ .



- (a) Find g(0) and g(-5).
- (b) Find g'(x) in terms of f(x). For each of g''(4) and g''(-2), find the value or state that it does not exist.
- (c) On what intervals, if any, is the graph of g concave down? Give a reason for your answer.
- (d) The function h is given by  $h(x) = g(x^3 + 1)$ . Find h'(1). Show the work that leads to your answer.
- (a)  $g(0) = 2 \cdot 0 + \int_{-2}^{0} f(t) dt = 3$ 
  - $g(-5) = 2 \cdot (-5) + \int_{-2}^{-5} f(t) dt = -10 + 3 = -7$

 $2: \begin{cases} 1: g(0) \\ 1: g(-5) \end{cases}$ 

(b) g'(x) = 2 + f(x)g''(x) = f'(x)

$$g''(4) = f'(4) = -1$$

g''(-2) = f'(-2) does not exist.

 $3: \begin{cases} 1: g'(x) \\ 1: g''(4) \\ 1: g''(-2) \text{ does not exist} \end{cases}$ 

- (c) The graph of g is concave down on the intervals (-2, 0) and (2, 8) since g'(x) = 2 + f(x) decreases on those intervals.
- 1: intervals and reason

(d)  $h'(x) = g'(x^3 + 1) \cdot 3x^2$ 

$$h'(1) = g'(2) \cdot 3 = (2 + f(2)) \cdot 3$$
  
=  $(2 + 3) \cdot 3 = 15$ 

 $3: \begin{cases} 2: \text{ chain rule} \\ 1: \text{ answer} \end{cases}$ 

### **Question 5**

Particle X moves along the positive x-axis so that its position at time  $t \ge 0$  is given by  $x(t) = 5t^3 - 9t^2 + 7$ .

- (a) Is particle X moving toward the left or toward the right at time t = 1? Give a reason for your answer.
- (b) At what time  $t \ge 0$  is particle X farthest to the left? Justify your answer.
- (c) A second particle, Y, moves along the positive y-axis so that its position at time t is given by y(t) = 7t + 3. At any time t,  $t \ge 0$ , the origin and the positions of the particles X and Y are the vertices of a triangle in the first quadrant. Find the rate of change of the area of the triangle at time t = 1. Show the work that leads to your answer.
- (a)  $x'(t) = 15t^2 18t$ x'(1) = 15 - 18 = -3

Since x'(1) < 0, the particle is moving to the left at time t = 1.

2:  $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{considers } x'(1) \\ 1 : \text{answer with reason} \end{cases}$ 

(b)  $x'(t) = 3t(5t - 6) = 0 \implies t = 0, t = \frac{6}{5}$ 

Since x'(t) < 0 for  $0 < t < \frac{6}{5}$  and x'(t) > 0 for  $t > \frac{6}{5}$ ,

the particle is farthest to the left at time  $t = \frac{6}{5}$ .

3:  $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{considers } x'(t) = 0 \\ 1 : \text{identifies } t = \frac{6}{5} \\ 1 : \text{answer with reason} \end{cases}$ 

(c) Area =  $A(t) = \frac{1}{2}x(t)y(t)$ =  $\frac{1}{2}(5t^3 - 9t^2 + 7)(7t + 3)$ 

 $A'(t) = \frac{1}{2} \Big[ \Big( 15t^2 - 18t \Big) (7t + 3) + \Big( 5t^3 - 9t^2 + 7 \Big) (7) \Big]$ 

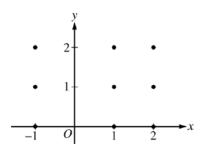
 $A'(1) = \frac{1}{2}[(-3)(10) + (3)(7)] = \frac{1}{2}[-30 + 21] = -\frac{9}{2}$ 

4: 1: area function
2: derivative
1: answer

## Question 6

Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(1 - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)(y - 1)$ , where  $x \neq 0$ .

Let y = f(x) be the particular solution to the differential equation with initial condition f(1) = 2.

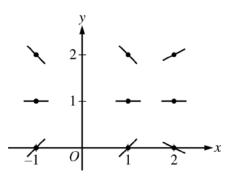


- (a) Find the slope of the line tangent to the graph of f at the point (1, 2).
- (b) On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the nine points indicated.
- (c) Find the particular solution y = f(x) to the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(1 \frac{2}{x^2}\right)(y 1)$  with initial condition f(1) = 2.

(a) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{(x, y)=(1, 2)} = \left(1 - \frac{2}{1}\right)(2 - 1) = -1$$

1 : answer

(b)



2:  $\begin{cases} 1 : \text{zero slope at each point } (x, y) \text{ where } y = 1 \\ 1 : \text{remaining slopes} \end{cases}$ 

(c)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(1 - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)(y - 1)$  $\int \frac{dy}{y - 1} = \int \left(1 - \frac{2}{x^2}\right) dx$   $\ln|y - 1| = x + \frac{2}{x} + C$   $\ln|2 - 1| = 1 + \frac{2}{1} + C \implies C = -3$   $\ln|y - 1| = x + \frac{2}{x} - 3$ 

Note: max 3/6 [1-2-0-0-0] if no constant of integration

1 : separation of variables

1 : constant of integration1 : uses initial condition

2 : antiderivatives

Note that y - 1 > 0 since the solution curve includes the point (1, 2).

Note: 0/6 if no separation of variables

$$\ln(y-1) = x + \frac{2}{x} - 3$$
$$y = f(x) = e^{\left(x + \frac{2}{x} - 3\right)} + 1$$

Note: This solution is valid for x > 0.

## **Scoring Worksheet**

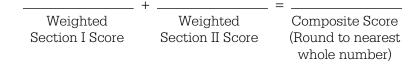
The following provides a scoring worksheet and conversion table used for calculating a composite score of the exam.

## 2014 AP Calculus AB Scoring Worksheet

### **Section I: Multiple Choice**

### Section II: Free Response

### **Composite Score**



### AP Score Conversion Chart Calculus AB

Composite	
Score Range	AP Score
68-108	5
54-67	4
40-53	3
30-39	2
0-29	1

## AP Calculus AB

### The College Board

The College Board is a mission-driven not-for-profit organization that connects students to college success and opportunity. Founded in 1900, the College Board was created to expand access to higher education. Today, the membership association is made up of over 6,000 of the world's leading educational institutions and is dedicated to promoting excellence and equity in education. Each year, the College Board helps more than seven million students prepare for a successful transition to college through programs and services in college readiness and college success — including the SAT® and the Advanced Placement Program®. The organization also serves the education community through research and advocacy on behalf of students, educators, and schools. The College Board is committed to the principles of excellence and equity, and that commitment is embodied in all of its programs, services, activities, and concerns.